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Point of Contact: Barb O'Bryen Technical Information Special STIC CM1 6A05 308-4291		Contact: /Bryen nation Specialist A05 308-4391
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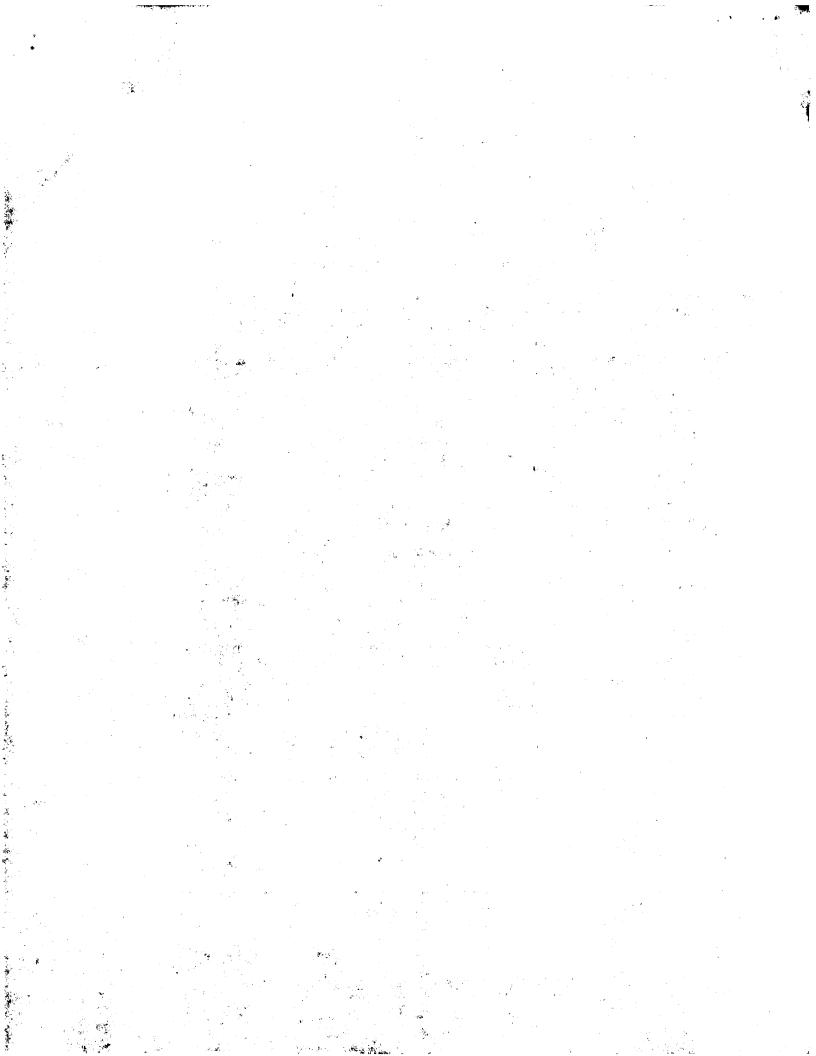
epidermal edge of a sinus draining underlying osteomyelitis. Meleney u. undermining u. of the skin and subcutaneous tissues caused by a synergistic infection by microaerophilic nonhemolytic streptococci and aerobic hemolytic staphylococci. SYN: Meleney gangrene, progressive bacterial synergistic gangrene. Mooren u. chronic inflammation of the peripheral cornea that slowly progresses centrally with corneal thinning and sometimes perforation. Oriental u. the lesion occurring in cutaneous leishmaniasis. penetrating u. an u. extending into deeper tissues of an organ. peptic u. an u. of the alimentary mucosa, usually in the stomach or duodenum, exposed to acid gastric secretion. perforated u. an u. extending through the wall of an organ. perforating u. of foot a round, deep, trophic u. of the sole of the foot, following disease or injury, in any part of its course from the center to the periphery of the nerve supplying the part. phagedenic u. a rapidly spreading u. attended by the formation of extensive sloughing. SYN: sloughing u.. phlegmonous u. a u. accompanied by inflammation of the neighboring tissues. pressure u. SYN: decubitus u. recurrent aphthous u. SYN: aphtha (2). ring u. of cornea inflammation of the greater part or the whole of the corneal periphery. rodent u. historic term for a slowly enlarging ulcerated basal cell carcinoma, usually on the face. Saemisch u. a form of serpiginous keratitis, frequently accompanied by hypopyon. serpent u. of cornea SYN: serpiginous keratitis. serpiginous u. an u. extending on one side while healing at the opposite edge, forming an undulating margin. serpiginous corneal u. serpentine ulceration of the cornea, due to infection, most often with Streptococcus pneumoniae. simple u. a local, not constitutional, u. not accompanied by marked pain or inflammation. sloughing u. SYN: phagedenic u. soft u. SYN: chancroid. stasis u. SYN: varicose u.. stercoral u. an u. of the colon due to pressure and irritation of retained fecal masses. stomal u. an intestinal u. occurring after gastrojejunostomy in the jejunal mucosa near the opening (stoma) between the stomach and the jejunum. Curling u. SYN: stress u. Sutton u. a solitary, deep, painful u. of the buccal or genital mucous membrane. syphilitic u. 1. SYN: chancre. 2. any ulceration caused by a syphilitic infection. Syriac u., Syrian u. old names for diphtheria. tanner's u. SYN: chrome u.. trophic u. u. resulting from cutaneous sensory denervation. SEE ALSO: perforating u. of foot. SYN: trophic gangrene. tropical u. 1. the lesion occurring in cutaneous leishmaniasis; SYN: tropical sore. SEE ALSO: cutaneous leishmaniasis. 2. tropical phagedenic ulceration caused by a variety of microorganisms, including mycobacteria; common in northern Nigeria. undermining u. a chronic cutaneous u. with overhanging margins; due to hemolytic streptococci, tubercle bacilli, or other bacteria. varicose u. the loss of skin surface in the drainage area of a varicose vein, usually in the leg, resulting from stasis and infection. SEE ALSO: gravitational u. SYN: stasis u., venous u. venereal u. SYN: chancroid. venous u. SYN: varicose u. Zambesi u. an u., usually single, about 3 cm in diameter, on the foot or leg, occurring in laborers in the Zambesi Delta; it has a sloughing surface, but does not spread and produces no constitutional symptoms or glandular enlargement; it is associated with the presence of a spirillum and a large fusiform bacillus; one attack seems to confer a partial immunity.

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OTHER NAMES:
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CN
    Celecoxib
CN
    Celocoxib
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CN
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    YM 177
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CN
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    pyrazol-1-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     4-[5-(3-Fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-
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yl]benzenesulfonamide
  CN
       Deracoxib
· CN
       SC 046
  CN
       SC 46
 · CN
       SC 59046
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                                                                       (CA INDEX
       NAME)
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       4-(5-Methyl-3-phenylisoxazol-4-yl)benzenesulfonamide
  CN
       SC 65872
 CN
       Valdecoxib
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  CN
       MK 0966
  CN
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  CN
       Rofecoxib
  CN
       Vioxx
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       ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
  RN
       202409-33-4
                    REGISTRY
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       2,3'-Bipyridine, 5-chloro-6'-methyl-3-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]- (9CI)
       (CA INDEX NAME)
  OTHER NAMES:
  CN
       5-Chloro-6'-methyl-3-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2,3'-bipyridine
  CN
       Etoricoxib
  CN
       MK 0663
  CN
       MK 663
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       329900-75-6 REGISTRY
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       COX 2
  CN
       Cyclooxygenase 2
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  CN
       Prostaglandin G/H synthase-2
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       Prostaglandin H synthase-2
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L9	1613	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (COX OR CYCLOOXYGENASE OR CYCLO
		OXYGENASE)(W)2(L)INHIBIT?/OBI
L10	1	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON "CYCLOOXYGENASE 2"/CN
L11	532	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON L10(L)INHIBIT?/OBI
L12	66	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PROSTAGLANDIN(2W)SYNTHASE(W)2(L)INHIBIT
		?/OBI
L14	1245	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (BLEPHARITI? OR ENDOPHTHALMITI? OR
		EPISCLERITI? OR KERATITI? OR KERATOCONJUNCTIV? OR MOOREN?)/OBI
L15	609	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON CORNEA?/OBI(L)?TRANSPLANT? OR RETINA?(L
		) DETACH?/OBI
L16	370	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON LENS##(L)(IMPLANT? OR ARTIFICIAL?)/OBI
L18	1	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L9 OR L11 OR L12) AND (L14 OR L15 OR
		L16)

OXYGENASE) (W) 2 (L) INHIBIT?/OBI	
L10 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON "CYCLOOXYGENASE 2"/CN	
L11 532 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON L10(L)INHIBIT?/OBI	
L12 66 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PROSTAGLANDIN(2W)SYNTHASE(W)2(L)INF	IBIT
?/OBI	
L13 14271 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON EYE(L)(DISEASE# OR DISORDER#)/OBI	
L19 6 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L9 OR L11 OR L12) (L) L13	

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1613 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (COX OR CYCLOOXYGENASE OR CYCLO
OXYGENASE) (W) 2 (L) INHIBIT?/OBI
L10
1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON "CYCLOOXYGENASE 2"/CN
L11
532 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON L10 (L) INHIBIT?/OBI
L12
66 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PROSTAGLANDIN(2W) SYNTHASE (W) 2 (L) INHIBIT
?/OBI
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L13 L20 L21	6365	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON EYE(L)(DISEASE# OR DISORDER#)/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON OPHTHALM?/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L9 OR L11 OR L12) AND L13 AND L20
; L1	10	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON (162011-90-7/BI OR 169590-41-4/BI OR 169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33-4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR 329900-75-6/BI)
L2	1	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F2O3S/MF
L3		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C22H22F2N2O5S/MF
L4		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN
_ L5		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON DERACOXIB/CN
∴ L6	1	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN
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£ 1.8		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN
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£15	609	EPISCLERITI? OR KERATITI? OR KERATOCONJUNCTIV? OR MOOREN?)/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON CORNEA?/OBI(L)?TRANSPLANT? OR RETINA?(L)DETACH?/OBI
· L16	370	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON LENS##(L)(IMPLANT? OR ARTIFICIAL?)/OBI
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L2 L3 L4 L5 L6 E7	1 1 1 1 1 1 14271 6365	169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33 -4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR 329900-75-6/BI) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F2O3S/MF SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C22H22F2N2O5S/MF SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON DERACOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ROFECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN
L1 L2 L3 L4 L5 L5 L5 L6	1 1 1 1 1 14271 6365 544	169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33 -4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR 329900-75-6/BI) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F2O3S/MF SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C2H22F2N2O5S/MF SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON DERACOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ROFECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON EYE(L) (DISEASE# OR DISORDER#)/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON OPHTHALM?/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR
L2 L3 L4 L5 L6 E17 E13 L20 L24	1 1 1 1 1 1 14271 6365 544	169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33 -4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR 329900-75-6/BI)  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F2O3S/MF  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C2H22F2N2O5S/MF  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ROFECOXIB/CN  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN  SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON EYE(L) (DISEASE# OR DISORDER#)/OBI  SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON OPHTHALM?/OBI  SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8)  SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB OR SC(W) (046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)/OBI
L2 L3 L4 L5 L6 E17 E13 L20 L24	1 1 1 1 1 1 14271 6365 544	169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33 -4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR 329900-75-6/BI)  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F2O3S/MF  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C2H22F2N2O5S/MF  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON DERACOXIB/CN  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ROFECOXIB/CN  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN  SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON EYE(L) (DISEASE# OR DISORDER#)/OBI  SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8)  SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB OR SC (W) (046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)/OBI  SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC
L1  L2 L3 L4 L5 L6 E17 E18 L13 L20 L24 L25 L26	1 1 1 1 1 14271 6365 544 421	169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33 -4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR 329900-75-6/BI)  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F203S/MF SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C22H22F2N2O5S/MF  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON DERACOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON EYE(L) (DISEASE# OR DISORDER#)/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON OPHTHALM?/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8) SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB OR SC (W) (046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC 65872 OR ETORICOXIB OR MK(W) (966 OR 0966) OR L 791456)/OBI
L1  L2 L3 L4 L5 L6 L7 L8 L13 L20 L24 L25 L26 L31	1 1 1 1 1 14271 6365 544 421	169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33 -4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR 329900-75-6/BI)  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F2O3S/MF  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C2H22F2N2O5S/MF  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON DERACOXIB/CN  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ROFECOXIB/CN  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN  SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON EYE(L) (DISEASE# OR DISORDER#)/OBI  SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8)  SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB OR SC (W) (046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)/OBI  SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC
L1  L2 L3 L4 L5 L6 E17 L8 L13 L20 L24 L25 L26	1 1 1 1 1 14271 6365 544 421	169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33 -4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR 329900-75-6/BI)  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F203S/MF SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C22H22F2N2O5S/MF  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON DERACOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON EYE(L) (DISEASE# OR DISORDER#)/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON OPHTHALM?/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8) SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB OR SC (W) (046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC 65872 OR ETORICOXIB OR MK(W) (966 OR 0966) OR L 791456)/OBI
L1  L2 L3 L4 L5 L6 L7 L8 L13 L20 L24 L25 L26 L31	1 1 1 1 1 14271 6365 544 421	169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33 -4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR 329900-75-6/BI)  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F203S/MF SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C22H22F2N2O5S/MF  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON DERACOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON EYE(L) (DISEASE# OR DISORDER#)/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON OPHTHALM?/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8) SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB OR SC (W) (046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC 65872 OR ETORICOXIB OR MK(W) (966 OR 0966) OR L 791456)/OBI
L1  L2 L3 L4 L5 L6 L7 L8 L13 L20 L24 L25 L26	1 1 1 1 1 1 14271 6365 544 421 85	169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33 -4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR 329900-75-6/BI) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F2O3S/MF SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C22H22F2N2O5S/MF SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON DERACOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ROFECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON EYE(L) (DISEASE# OR DISORDER#)/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON OPHTHALM?/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8) SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB OR SC(W) (046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC 65872 OR ETORICOXIB OR MK(W) (966 OR 0966) OR L 791456)/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L24 OR L25 OR L26) AND L20 AND L13
L1  L2 L3 L4 L5 L6 E17 L8 L13 L20 L24 L25 L26	1 1 1 1 1 1 14271 6365 544 421 85	169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33 -4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR 329900-75-6/BI)  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F2O3S/MF  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C2H22F2N2O5S/MF  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON DERACOXIB/CN  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ROFECOXIB/CN  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN  SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON EYE(L)(DISEASE# OR DISORDER#)/OBI  SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8)  SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB OR SC(W)(046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)/OBI  SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC 65872 OR ETORICOXIB OR MK(W)(966 OR 0966) OR L 791456)/OBI  SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L24 OR L25 OR L26) AND L20 AND L13  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON (L24 OR L25 OR L26) AND L20 AND L13
L1  L2 L3 L4 L5 L6 L7 L8 L13 L20 L24 L25 L26	1 1 1 1 1 1 14271 6365 544 421 85	169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33 -4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR 329900-75-6/BI) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F2O3S/MF SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C22H22F2N2O5S/MF SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON DERACOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ROFECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON OPHTHALM?/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON OPHTHALM?/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8) SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB OR SC (W) (046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC 65872 OR ETORICOXIB OR MK(W) (966 OR 0966) OR L 791456)/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L24 OR L25 OR L26) AND L20 AND L13  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON (162011-90-7/BI OR 169590-41-4/BI OR 169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33
L1  L2 L3 L4 L5 L6 L7 L8 L13 L20 L24 L25 L26	1 1 1 1 1 1 14271 6365 544 421 85	169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33 -4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR 329900-75-6/BI) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F2O3S/MF SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C22H22F2N2O5S/MF SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON DERACOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ROFECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON EYE(L) (DISEASE# OR DISORDER#)/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON OPHTHALM?/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8) SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB OR SC(W) (046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC 65872 OR ETORICOXIB OR MK(W) (966 OR 0966) OR L 791456)/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L24 OR L25 OR L26) AND L20 AND L13  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON (162011-90-7/BI OR 169590-41-4/BI OR 169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33 -4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR
L1  L2 L3 L4 L5 L6 L7 L8 L13 L20 L24 L25 L26	1 1 1 1 1 14271 6365 544 421 85 2	169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33 -4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR 329900-75-6/BI) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F2O3S/MF SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C22H22F2N2O5S/MF SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON DERACOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ROFECOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON OPHTHALM?/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON OPHTHALM?/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8) SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB OR SC (W) (046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC 65872 OR ETORICOXIB OR MK(W) (966 OR 0966) OR L 791456)/OBI SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L24 OR L25 OR L26) AND L20 AND L13  SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON (162011-90-7/BI OR 169590-41-4/BI OR 169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33

L4	1	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN
L5		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON DERACOXIB/CN
L6	1	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN
L7	1	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ROFECOXIB/CN
L8		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN
L13	14271	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON EYE(L)(DISEASE# OR DISORDER#)/OBI
L20		SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON OPHTHALM?/OBI
L24	544	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR
		L8)
L25	421	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB OR
		SC(W)(046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)/OBI
L26	85	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC
	_	65872 OR ETORICOXIB OR MK(W) (966 OR 0966) OR L 791456)/OBI
L32	2	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L24 OR L25 OR L26) (L)(L20 OR L13)
		At .
L1	1.0	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON (162011-90-7/BI OR 169590-41-4/BI OR
	10	169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33
		-4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR
		329900-75-6/BI)
L2	1	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F2O3S/MF
L3		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C22H22F2N2O5S/MF
L4		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN
L5		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON DERACOXIB/CN
L6	1	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN
L7	1	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ROFECOXIB/CN
T8	1	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN
L13	14271	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON EYE(L)(DISEASE# OR DISORDER#)/OBI
L22	4043	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON L13(L) (PREVENT? OR TREAT? OR THERAP?)
L24	544	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR
		L8)
L25	421	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB OR
		SC(W)(046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)/OBI
L26	85	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC
<b>.</b>	-	65872 OR ETORICOXIB OR MK(W) (966 OR 0966) OR L 791456)/OBI
L33	7	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON L22 AND (L24 OR L25 OR L26)
$_{ m L1}$	10	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON (162011-90-7/BI OR 169590-41-4/BI OR
		169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33
		-4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR
		329900-75-6/BI)
L2	1	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F2O3S/MF
L3	1	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C22H22F2N2O5S/MF
L4		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN
L5		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON DERACOXIB/CN
L6		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN
L7		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ROFECOXIB/CN
F8		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN
L9	1613	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (COX OR CYCLOOXYGENASE OR CYCLO
T 1 O	4	OXYGENASE) (W) 2 (L) INHIBIT?/OBI
L10		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON "CYCLOOXYGENASE 2"/CN
L11 L12		SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON L10(L)INHIBIT?/OBI
птС	90	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PROSTAGLANDIN(2W)SYNTHASE(W)2(L)INHIBIT ?/OBI
L24	511	
חר מ	344	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8)
L25	421	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB OR
	121	SC(W) (046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)/OBI
L26	85	SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC
•		65872 OR ETORICOXIB OR MK(W) (966 OR 0966) OR L 791456) /ORT

65872 OR ETORICOXIB OR MK(W) (966 OR 0966) OR L 791456)/OBI

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£, L35
              226 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON CORNEA?(L)INFLAM?/OBI
 "L36
                O SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON
                                          (L9 OR L11 OR L12 OR (L24 OR L25 OR
                  L26)) AND L35
```

=> s 118 or 119 or 121 or 127 or 131 or 132 or 133

L132 12 L18 OR L19 OR L21 OR L27 OR L31 OR L32 OR L33

=> fil medl

78 -24

L1

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 16:52:04 ON 20 AUG 2002

FILE LAST UPDATED: 17 AUG 2002 (20020817/UP). FILE COVERS 1958 TO DATE.

On June 9, 2002, MEDLINE was reloaded. See HELP RLOAD for details.

MEDLINE thesauri in the /CN, /CT, and /MN fields incorporate the MeSH 2002 vocabulary. Enter HELP THESAURUS for details.

THIS FILE CONTAINS CAS REGISTRY NUMBERS FOR EASY AND ACCURATE SUBSTANCE IDENTIFICATION.

=> d que 154; d que 156; d que 160; d que 173; d que 174; d que 189

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| 一 | 1
                10 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
                                             (162011-90-7/BI OR 169590-41-4/BI OR
                   169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33
                   -4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR
                   329900-75-6/BI)
∵ L2
                 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F2O3S/MF
 1 L3
                 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
                                             L1 AND C22H22F2N2O5S/MF
  L4
                 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
                                             CELECOXIB/CN
  L5
                 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
                                             DERACOXIB/CN
_ L6
                 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
                                             VALDECOXIB/CN
  L7
                 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
                                             ROFECOXIB/CN
  L8
                 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN
               427 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR
  L38
                   L8)
L39
L40
               622 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON
                                            (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB
                   OR SC(W)(046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)
               82 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC
                   65872 OR ETORICOXIB OR MK(W) (966 OR 0966) OR L 791456)
  L41
              646 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON BLEPHARITIS/CT
  L42
             7272 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON
                                            CORNEA+NT/CT(L)TR/CT OR CORNEAL
                   TRANSPLANTATION+NT/CT
                                                                 \Subbeading TR =
  L43
             2812 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON ENDOPHTHALMITIS/CT
                                                                              transplantation
  L44
              384 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON
                                           SCLERITIS/CT
  L45
            10979 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON
                                            KERATITIS+NT/CT
: L46
             2397 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON
                                           KERATOCONJUNCTIVITIS+NT/CT
L47
L48
L49
            10861 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON
                                            RETINAL DETACHMENT/CT
             5509 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON
                                            LENS##(3A)(ARTIFICIAL OR IMPLANT?)
              157 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON
                                           MOOREN?
性150
            22221 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON
                                           CORNEAL DISEASES+NT/CT
£ L51
             2683 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON
                                            CORNEAL ULCER/CT
.L52
             1755 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON
                                            LENS IMPLANTATION, INTRAOCULAR/CT
  L54
                O SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON
                                           (L38 OR L39 OR L40) AND ((L41 OR L42
                  OR L43 OR L44 OR L45 OR L46 OR L47 OR L48 OR L49 OR L50 OR L51
                  OR L52))
```

<sup>10</sup> SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON (162011-90-7/BI OR 169590-41-4/BI OR 169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33

```
-4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR
                   329900-75-6/BI)
              1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F2O3S/MF
1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C22H22F2N2O5S/MF
1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN
1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON DERACOXIB/CN
1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN
1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ROFECOXIB/CN
1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN
1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN
1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN
L2
L3
L4
L5
L6
L7
            1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ROFECOXIB/CN
1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN
427 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR
L8
                  L8)
          622 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB
L39
              OR SC(W)(046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)
82 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC
L40
                 65872 OR ETORICOXIB OR MK(W) (966 OR 0966) OR L 791456)
L55 250466 SEA FILE-MEDLINE ABB-ON C11./CT >eye disease
L56
                4 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (L38 OR L39 OR L40) AND L55
L37
         64351 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON CYCLOOXYGENASE INHIBITORS+NT/CT
L41
           646 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON BLEPHARITIS/CT
            7272 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON CORNEA+NT/CT(L)TR/CT OR CORNEAL
                   TRANSPLANTATION+NT/CT
L43
           2812 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON' ENDOPHTHALMITIS/CT
            384 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON SCLERITIS/CT
L45
           10979 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON KERATITIS+NT/CT
           2397 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON KERATOCONJUNCTIVITIS+NT/CT 10861 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON RETINAL DETACHMENT/CT
L46
L47
          5509 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON LENS##(3A)(ARTIFICIAL OR IMPLANT?)
L48
         157 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON MOOREN?
22221 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON CORNEAL DISEASES+NT/CT
L49
L50
           2683 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON CORNEAL ULCER/CT
L51
           1755 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON LENS IMPLANTATION, INTRAOCULAR/CT 5167 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (COX OR CYCLOOXYGENASE OR CYCLO
L52
                   OXYGENASE OR PROSTAGLANDIN(2W)SYNTHASE)(W)2
L60
                3 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON L37 AND L58 AND (L41 OR L42 OR L43 OR
                   L44 OR L45 OR L46 OR L47 OR L48 OR L49 OR L50 OR L51 OR L52)
           64351 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON CYCLOOXYGENASE INHIBITORS+NT/CT
L37
           646 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON BLEPHARITIS/CT
            2397 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON KERATOCONJUNCTIVITIS+NT/CT
            157 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON MOOREN?
               3 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON L37 AND (L41 OR L46 OR L49)
           64351 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON CYCLOOXYGENASE INHIBITORS+NT/CT
            2683 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON CORNEAL ULCER/CT
L51
                 6 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON L37/MAJ AND L51/MAJ
           64351 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON CYCLOOXYGENASE INHIBITORS+NT/CT
           7272 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON CORNEA+NT/CT(L)TR/CT OR CORNEAL
                   TRANSPLANTATION+NT/CT
         10861 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON RETINAL DETACHMENT/CT
           1755 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON LENS IMPLANTATION, INTRAOCULAR/CT
           11889 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON PAIN, POSTOPERATIVE/CT
               3 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (L42 OR L47 OR L52) AND L86 AND L37
L89
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=> s 156 or 160 or 173 or 174 or 189
                                18 L56 OR L60 OR L73 OR L74 OR L89
=> fil wpids
          FILE 'WPIDS' ENTERED AT 16:52:07 ON 20 AUG 2002
         COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
      EILE LAST UPDATED: 15 AUG 2002
     FILE LAST UPDATED: 15 AUG 2
MOST RECENT DERWENT UPDATE
                                                                                            <20020815/UP>
                                                                                 200252
                                                                                                  <200252/DW>
      DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX SUBSCRIBER FILE, COVERS 1963 TO DATE
     >>> The BATCH option for structure searches has been
                 enabled in WPINDEX/WPIDS and WPIX >>>
         >>> PATENT IMAGES AVAILABLE FOR PRINT AND DISPLAY >>>
      >>> FOR DETAILS OF THE PATENTS COVERED IN CURRENT UPDATES,
                SEE http://www.derwent.com/dwpi/updates/dwpicov/index.html <<<
        >>> FOR A COPY OF THE DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX STN USER GUIDE,
     PLEASE VISIT:

| PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT: | PLEASE VISIT:
       >>> FOR INFORMATION ON ALL DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX USER
                GUIDES, PLEASE VISIT:
                http://www.derwent.com/userguides/dwpi_guide.html <<<
=> d que 199; d que 1100;d que 1103
        L92
                               442 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON (COX OR CYCLOOXYGENASE OR CYCLO
                                      OXYGENASE OR PROSTAGLANDIN(2W)SYNTHASE)(W)2(3A)INHIBIT?
    # L93
                              22 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON COX2 (3A)INHIBIT?
743 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON BLEPHARITI? OR ENDOPHTHALMITI? OR
  3-L96
                                      EPISCLERITI? OR KERATITI? OR KERATOCONJUNCTIV? OR MOOREN?
                            2090 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON RETINA?(2A)DETACH? OR LENS##(3A)(IMPLANT
   Barrier .
                                      ? OR ARTIFICIAL?) OR CORNEA?(3A)?TRANSPLANT?
                              641 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON CORNEA?(3A)(INFLAM? OR ULCER?)
  L98
    199
                                 5 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON (L92 OR L93) AND (L96 OR L97 OR L98)
   42.1
                                92 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB OR
    - L94
                                      SC(W)(046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)
    L 195
                                23 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC
   £ 1.96
                                      65872 OR ETORICOXIB OR MK(W) (966 OR 0966) OR L 791456)
                              743 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON BLEPHARITI? OR ENDOPHTHALMITI? OR
   上
上
上
97
上
98
                                     EPISCLERITI? OR KERATITI? OR KERATOCONJUNCTIV? OR MOOREN?
                            2090 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON RETINA?(2A)DETACH? OR LENS##(3A)(IMPLANT
                                     ? OR ARTIFICIAL?) OR CORNEA?(3A)?TRANSPLANT?
                              641 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON CORNEA?(3A)(INFLAM? OR ULCER?)
      L100
                                 2 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON (L94 OR L95) AND (L96 OR L97 OR L98)
       L94
                               92 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB OR
                                     SC(W)(046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)
      L95
                               23 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC
  65872 OR ETORICOXIB OR MK(W)(966 OR 0966) OR L 791456)
                         10277 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON OPHTHALM?
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4 SEA FILE=WPIDS ABB=ON L101 (S) (L94 OR L95)

9 L99 OR L100 OR L103 L134

=> fil embase

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FILE COVERS 1974 TO 15 Aug 2002 (20020815/ED)

EMBASE has been reloaded. Enter HELP RLOAD for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

#### => d que 1116; d que 1120

L1	10	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON (162011-90-7/BI OR 169590-41-4/BI OR 169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33-4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR
L2	1	329900-75-6/BI) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F2O3S/MF
L2 L3		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F2O3S/MF SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C22H22F2N2O5S/MF
L4		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN
L5		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON DERACOXIB/CN
L6		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN
L7	_	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ROFECOXIB/CN
L8		SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN
L38	_	SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR
1100	721	L8)
L39	622	SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB
200	022	OR SC(W) (046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)
L40	82	SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC
		65872 OR ETORICOXIB OR MK(W) (966 OR 0966) OR L 791456)
L104	2385	SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON (L38 OR L39 OR L40)
L105		SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON CYCLOOXYGENASE 2 INHIBITOR/CT OR COX 2
		INHIBITOR/CT
L106	665	SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON BLEPHARITIS/CT
L107	3720	SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON CORNEA TRANSPLANTATION/CT
L108	2799	SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON ENDOPHTHALMITIS/CT
L109	673	SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON SCLERITIS/CT
L110	4769	SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON KERATITIS/CT
L111	2021	SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON KERATOCONJUNCTIVITIS/CT OR KERATOCONJUN
		CTIVITIS SICCA/CT
L112		SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON RETINA DETACHMENT/CT
L113		SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON LENS IMPLANTATION/CT
L114		SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON CORNEA RODENT ULCER/CT
L115		SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON MOOREN?
L116	2	SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON (L104 OR L105) AND (L106 OR L107 OR
		L108 OR L109 OR L110 OR L111 OR L112 OR L113 OR L114 OR L115)

L1	10	SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON (162011-90-7/BI OR 169590-41-4/BI OR
		169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33
		-4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR
		329900-75-6/BI)

1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F2O3S/MF L2L3

1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C22H22F2N2O5S/MF

1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN L4

```
L5
                   1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
                                                 DERACOXIB/CN
    L6
                   1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
                                                 VALDECOXIB/CN
  -- L7
                   1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ROFECOXIB/CN
    Γ8
                   1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN
                 427 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR
    L38
                      L8)
  ±39
                 622 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB
                     OR SC(W)(046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)
E-10
                  82 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC
                     65872 OR ETORICOXIB OR MK(W) (966 OR 0966) OR L 791456)
 度 L104
                2385 SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON (L38 OR L39 OR L40)
 L105
                2504 SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON CYCLOOXYGENASE 2 INHIBITOR/CT OR COX 2
                     INHIBITOR/CT
   L119
                2473 SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON EYE DROPS/CT
 ±120
                   5 SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON (L104 OR L105) AND L119
 💺 => s 1116 or 1120
 1135
                  5 L116 OR L120
 > fil drugu
   FILE 'DRUGU' ENTERED AT 16:52:14 ON 20 AUG 2002
  # COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
   FILE LAST UPDATED: 15 AUG 2002
                                           <20020815/UP>
        DERWENT DRUG FILE (SUBSCRIBER)
        SDI'S MAY BE RUN WEEKLY OR MONTHLY AS OF JUNE 2001.
   .>>>
        (WEEKLY IS THE DEFAULT). FOR PRICING INFORMATION
 " >>>
                                                                  <<<
        SEE HELP COST
                                                                  <<<
FILE COVERS 1983 TO DATE <<<
THESAURUS AVAILABLE IN /CT <<<
10 SEA FILE=REGISTRY AND 169590-42-5/BI OR 169590-42-5/BI OR 169590-75-6/BI)

12 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY AND 169590-75-6/BI)

1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY AND 169590-75-6/BI)
                 10 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON (162011-90-7/BI OR 169590-41-4/BI OR
                    169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33
                    -4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR
                 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F2O3S/MF
1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C22H22F2N2O5S/MF
1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN
L3
₩*E5:
                 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON DERACOXIB/CN
L6
L7
L8
                  1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN
                  1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ROFECOXIB/CN
                  1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN
L38
               427 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR
                    L8)
  L39
               622 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB
                    OR SC(W) (046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)
                 82 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC
  L40
                    65872 OR ETORICOXIB OR MK(W) (966 OR 0966) OR L 791456)
               885 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON (L38 OR L39 OR L40)
  L121
              3134 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON (COX OR CYCLOOXYGENASE OR CYCLO
∦ L122
施工123
                    OXYGENASE OR PROSTAGLANDIN(2W)SYNTHASE)(W)2(3A)INHIBIT?
                40 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON COX2(3A)INHIBIT?
              1375 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON BLEPHARITI? OR ENDOPHTHALMITI? OR
1124
L125
                   EPISCLERITI? OR KERATITI? OR KERATOCONJUNCTIV? OR MOOREN?
               439 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON RETINA?(2A)DETACH? OR LENS##(3A)(IMPLANT
```

Page 11

```
? OR ARTIFICIAL?) OR CORNEA?(3A)?TRANSPLANT?
L126
           278 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON CORNEA?(2A)(ULCER? OR INFLAMM?)
L127
             2 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON (L121 OR L122 OR L123) AND (L124 OR
               L125 OR L126)
            10 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON (162011-90-7/BI OR 169590-41-4/BI OR
1.1
               169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33
                -4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR
                329900-75-6/BI)
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F2O3S/MF
L2
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C22H22F2N2O5S/MF
L3
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN
T.4
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON DERACOXIB/CN
L5
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN
L6
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ROFECOXIB/CN
1.7
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN
1.8
          427 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR
L38
               L8)
L39
           622 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB
               OR SC(W) (046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)
            82 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC
L40
                65872 OR ETORICOXIB OR MK(W) (966 OR 0966) OR L 791456)
L121
          885 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON (L38 OR L39 OR L40)
L122
          3134 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON (COX OR CYCLOOXYGENASE OR CYCLO
               OXYGENASE OR PROSTAGLANDIN(2W)SYNTHASE)(W)2(3A)INHIBIT?
L123
            40 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON COX2(3A)INHIBIT?
L128
           3378 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON OPHTHALM?/CT
L129
             2 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON (L121 OR L122 OR L123) AND L128
            10 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON (162011-90-7/BI OR 169590-41-4/BI OR
               169590-42-5/BI OR 181695-72-7/BI OR 198470-84-7/BI OR 202409-33
                -4/BI OR 212126-32-4/BI OR 254-04-6/BI OR 266320-83-6/BI OR
                329900-75-6/BI)
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C18H14F2O3S/MF
L3
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND C22H22F2N2O5S/MF
L4
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON CELECOXIB/CN
L5
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON DERACOXIB/CN
L6
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON VALDECOXIB/CN
L7
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ROFECOXIB/CN
\Gamma8
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON ETORICOXIB/CN
L38
          427 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR
               L8)
L39
           622 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (CELEBREX OR CEL!COXIB OR DERACOXIB
               OR SC(W) (046 OR 46 OR 59046) OR VALDECOXIB OR BEXTRA)
L40
            82 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (YM 177 OR SC 58635 OR VIOXX OR SC
                65872 OR ETORICOXIB OR MK(W) (966 OR 0966) OR L 791456)
L121
           885 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON (L38 OR L39 OR L40)
L122
           3134 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON (COX OR CYCLOOXYGENASE OR CYCLO
               OXYGENASE OR PROSTAGLANDIN(2W)SYNTHASE)(W)2(3A)INHIBIT?
            40 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON COX2(3A)INHIBIT?
L123
           4763 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON OPHTHALMOLOGICAL/CC
L130
              6 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON (L121 OR L122 OR L123) AND L130
L131
=> s 1127 or 1129 or 1131
```

L136 9 L127 OR L129 OR L131

=> dup rem 1133,1136,1135,1132,1134

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FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 16:53:10 ON 20 AUG 2002
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FILE 'DRUGU' ENTERED AT 16:53:10 ON 20 AUG 2002
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ETILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 16:53:10 ON 20 AUG 2002
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FILE 'WPIDS' ENTERED AT 16:53:10 ON 20 AUG 2002 COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L133 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L136 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L135 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L132 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L132
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L134
L137
50 DUP REM L133
ANSWERS '1-18
ANSWERS '19-2

50 DUP REM L133 L136 L135 L132 L134 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED) ANSWERS '1-18' FROM FILE MEDLINE ANSWERS '19-27' FROM FILE DRUGU ANSWERS '28-32' FROM FILE EMBASE ANSWERS '33-44' FROM FILE CAPLUS ANSWERS '45-50' FROM FILE WPIDS

### => d ibib ab hitrn 1-50; fil hom

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2 MEDLINE 2002106815 MEDLINE CUMENT NUMBER: 21679446 PubMed ID: 11821217 EFITLE: Naproxen ophthalmic solution to manage inflammation after phacoemulsification.

AUTHOR: Papa Vincento; Milazzo Giovanni; Santocono Marcello;

Servolle Valerie; Sourdille Philippe; Santiago Pierre-Yves;

Darondeau Jacques; Cassoux Nathalie; LeHoang Phuc CORPORATE SOURCE:

Medical Department SIFI S.p.A, Lavinaio-Catania, Italy.. vincenzo papa@sifi.it

SOURCE: JOURNAL OF CATARACT AND REFRACTIVE SURGERY, (2002 Feb) 28

(2) 321-7. Journal code: 8604171. ISSN: 0886-3350.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States DOCUMENT TYPE: (CLINICAL TRIAL)

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) (MULTICENTER STUDY)

(RANDOMIZED CONTROLLED TRIAL)

LANGUAGE: English FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journal ENTRY MONTH: 200203 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20020213

AΒ

177 4.5

Last Updated on STN: 20020312 Entered Medline: 20020311

PURPOSE: To explore the efficacy and safety of 2 concentrations (0.1% and 0.2%) of sodium naproxen ophthalmic solution in controlling ocular inflammation in patients having phacoemulsification and intraocular lens implantation. SETTING: Service d'Ophtalmologie La Pitie' and Centre Ophtalmologique, Paris, and Clinique Sourdille, Nantes, France; Department of Ophthalmology, University of Lausanne, Switzerland. METHODS: One hundred one patients were randomly treated with naproxen 0.1%, naproxen 0.2%, or diclofenac 0.1% 3 times a day for 30 days starting the day before surgery. Postsurgical ocular inflammation was measured after 1, 10, and 30days using the Kowa FC-1000 laser flare-cell meter and a conventional

slitlamp biomicroscope. Safety parameters were evaluated at the same visits. RESULTS: Naproxen 0.2% ophthalmic solution and diclofenac 0.01% were comparable in controlling postsurgical inflammation. The naproxen was well tolerated. No serious adverse events occurred during the study. CONCLUSIONS: These preliminary results suggest that naproxen ophthalmic solution may be effectively and safely used to control inflammation after uneventful phacoemulsification. Because of the limited number of patients, larger studies are needed to confirm these results.

L137 ANSWER 2 OF 50 MEDLINE

2001672527 ACCESSION NUMBER: MEDLINE

21575000 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 11718490

TITLE: Visual disturbance associated with celecoxib--a

comment.

Comment on: Pharmacotherapy. 2001 Jan; 21(1):114-5 COMMENT:

AUTHOR:

Department of Ophthalmology, University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics, Iowa Caty 52242, USA. CORPORATE SOURCE:

PHARMACOTHERAPY, (2001 Aug) 21 (8) 1014. Journal code: 8111305. LSSN: 0277-0008. SOURCE:

PUB. COUNTRY: United States DOCUMENT TYPE: Commentary

Letter LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200205

Entered STN: 20011126 ENTRY DATE:

Last Updated on STN: 20020522 Entered Medline: 20020517

L137 ANSWER 3 OF 50

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001231537

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 21220975 PubMed ID: 11320025

TITLE:

SOURCE:

Guidera A C; Luchs J I; Udell I J AUTHOR:

MEDLINE

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Ophthalmology, Long Island Jewish Medical

MEDLINE

Center, New Hyde Park, New York, NY, USA. OPHTHALMOLOGY,  $(2\bar{0}01 \text{ May})$  108 (5) 936-44.

topical nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs.

Keratitis, ulceration, and perforation associated with

Journal code: 7802443. ISSN: 0161-6420.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200105

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010517

Last Updated on STN: 20010517 Entered Medline: 20010510

AB PURPOSE: To report corneal complications associated (with topical.) nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs). DESIGN: Retrospective, noncomparative interventional case series. PARTICIPANTS: Eighteen eyes of 16 patients with adverse corneal events associated with NSAID use. METHODS: Evaluation of 16 patients referred for management of corneal complications during use of topical NSAIDs (ketorolac tromethamine [Acular], diclofenac sodium [Voltaren], diclofenac sodium [Falcon DSOS]). MAIN OUTCOME MEASURES: Type and severity of corneal complications. RESULTS: Of the 16 patients, two experienced severe keratopathy, three experienced ulceration, six experienced corneal or scleral melts, and five experienced perforations. Eleven patients had recent cataract surgery; nine of these were on concurrent topical steroids and antibiotics. Another patient who did not have recent surgery was using concurrent topical steroids without antibiotics for sarcoid uveitis. Systemic associations included two patients with rheumatoid arthritis, one patient with

atlantos (glic

asymptomatic Sjogren's syndrome, and two with rosacea. CONCLUSIONS: Topical NSAIDs were associated with corneal complications in 18 eyes of 16 patients. Potential risk factors include conditions that predispose the patient to corneal melting, concurrent topical steroids, and epithelial keratopathy in the early postoperative period.

實工137 ANSWER 4 OF 50

MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001208758 MEDLINE

21196009 PubMed ID: 11297478

TITLE:

Mara!

All land to

The role of matrix metalloproteinases in ulcerative keratolysis associated with perioperative diclofenac use.

AUTHOR:

O'Brien T P; Li Q J; Sauerburger F; Reviglio V E; Rana T;

Ashraf M F

CORPORATE SOURCE: 

Ocular Microbiology and Immunology Laboratory, The Wilmer Eye Institute, Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine, 600 N. Wolfe Street, Woods Bldg./Rm. 259, Baltimore, MD

21287-9121, USA.

S SOURCE:

OPHTHALMOLOGY, (2001 Apr) 108 (4) 656-9. Journal code: 7802443. ISSN: 0161-6420.

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

200104

ENTRY DATE:

AB

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Entered STN: 20010425

Last Updated on STN: 20010425

Entered Medline: 20010419

OBJECTIVE: To investigate the rele-of-matrix-metalleproteinases-(MMPs) in the pathogenesis of ulcerative keratolysis associated with topical use of generic diclofenac preoperatively and postoperatively. To characterize the inflammatory response of the cornea in this case of ulcerative keratolysis. DESIGN: Case report with clinicopathologic correlation. MAIN OUTCOME MEASURES: Corneal culture for microbial growth. Clinical and histopathologic examinations including routine histolopathologic, immunofluorescent, and immunohistochemical studies. RESULTS: Microscopic examination of the corneal button disclosed fibrinous material with neutrophils and mononuclear inflammatory cells. The corneal epithelial basement membrane was irregularly thickened and patchy. Immunohistochemical staining detected weak staining of MMP-1 and a strong presence of MMP-8 in the epithelium. MMP-8 and 9 were also present in areas of leukocytic infiltration. MMP-2 appeared in a few stromal cells. Macrophages and leukocytes were the predominant infiltrating cells. CONCLUSIONS: A nonspecific inflammatory response occurred in this case of ulcerative keratolysis. Corneal epithelial cells are çapable of secreting MMP-1 and 8 and may participate in the stromal degradation and repair process of the ulcerative keratolysis associated with topical nonsteroidol antiinflammatory use.

---- L137 ANSWER 5 OF 50

MEDLINE

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

2001175672 MEDLINE

21170593 PubMed ID: 11270263

TITLE: 

[64th Congress of the American College of Rheumatology,

Philadelphia, October 28-November 2, 2000].

64e congres de l'American College of Rheumatology,

Philadelphie, 28 octobre-2 novembre 2000. Hachulla E

AUTHOR:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Service de medecine interne, hopital Claude-Huriez, place de Verdun, 59037 Lille, France.

SOURCE:

REVUE DE MEDECINE INTERNE, (2001 Mar) \$22 (3) 219-27.

Journal code: 8101383. ISSN: 0248-8663.

PUB. COUNTRY:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Conference; Conference Article; (CONGRESSES)

LANGUAGE:

French

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

200106

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20010611

Last Updated on STN: 20010611 Entered Medline: 20010607

L137 ANSWER 6 OF 50

MEDLINE

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001146245 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

21030579 PubMed ID: 11191731

TITLE: COMMENT: Visual disturbance associated with celecoxib. Comment in: Pharmacotherapy. 2001 Aug; 21(8):1014

AUTHOR:

Lund\_B\_C; Neiman\_R\_F\_\_)

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Clinical and Administrative Division, College of Pharmacy

Iowa City, IA 52242-1112, USA.. brian-lund@uiowa.edu

SOURCE:

PHARMACOTHERAPY, (2001 Jan) 21 (1) 114-5. Journal code: 8111305. ISSN: 0277-0008.

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: -

English

FILE SEGMENT: ENTRY MONTH:

Priority Journals 200103

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20010404

Last Updated on STN: 20020522

Entered Medline: 20010315

AB

Celecoxib, a specific inhibitor of cyclooxygenase 2, us used to treat the symptoms of arthritis! A 79-year-old woman developed an atypical visual disturbance associated with this agent that resolved on

discontinuation of celecoxib. Similar visual disturbances

described with the traditional nonsteroidal antiinflammatory drugs are

discussed.

L137 ANSWER 7 OF 50 MEDITNE

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001017575 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

2047-6690 PubMed ID: 11020603

TITLE:

New pieces for the puzzle: nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory

drugs and corneal ulcers.

AUTHOR:

Price\_F\_W

SOURCE:

JOURNAL OF CATARACT AND REFRACTIVE SURGERY, (2000 Sep)

(9) 1263-5. Ref: 15

Journal code: 8604171. ISSN: 0886-3350.

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Editorial

General Review; (REVIEW)

(REVIEW, TUTORIAL)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

200011

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20010322

Last Updated on STN: 20010322 Entered Medline: 20001107

L137 ANSWER 8 OF 50

MEDLINE

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000037164 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

20037164 PubMed ID: 10570586

TITLE:

Rheumatoid arthritis.

COMMENT:

Comment on: J Am Dent Assoc. 1999 May: 130(5):689-

Rosenstein E D; Kushner L J; Kramer N

AUTHOR: SOURCE:

JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN DENTAL ASSOCIATION, (1999/Oct) 130

(10) 1424, 1426.

Journal code: 7503060. ISSN: 0002-8177.

PUB. COUNTRY: DOCUMENT TYPE:

United States Commentary

Letter

LANGUAGE:

English

ELLE SEGMENT:

Dental Journals; Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: ENTRY DATE:

199911

Entered STN: 20000111

Last Updated on STN: 20000229 Entered Medline: 19991123

137 ANSWER 9 OF 50

MEDLINE

PACCESSION NUMBER:

1999451103 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

99451103 PubMed ID: 1-0520225

E TITLE:

The effect of selective cyclooxygenase-2 // inhibitor on corneal angiogenesis in the rat.

AUTHOR: ECORPORATE SOURCE:

Yamada M; Kawai M; Kawai Y; Mashima Y

Department of Ophthalmology, Keio University School of

Medicine, Tokyo, Japan ... yamadam@ned.keio.ac.jp CURRENT EYE RESEARCH, (1999 Oct.) 19 (4) 300-4.

SOURCE:

Journal code: 8104312. ISSN: 0271-3683.

PUB. COUNTRY:

ENGLAND: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199912

\* ENTRY DATE:

AB Parties

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10 ac

Entered STN: 20000113

Last Updated on STN: 20000113 \_Entered Medline: 19991213

PURPOSE. Eicosanoids that are present in inflamed tissues are thought to play a significant role in angiogenesis. Cyclooxygenase, a key enzyme in eicosanoid synthesis, has recently been shown to exist in two isoforms: the constitutive GOX-1 and the inducible COX-2. This study was undertaken to determine the role of COX-2 in the corneal angiogenic response. METHODS. Angiogenesis in the rat cornea was provoked by chemical cautery. Either NS-398, a selective COX -2 inhibitor, or indomethacin, a non-selective COX inhibitor, was applied topically 3 times daily for 4 days. Neovascularization was quantitated by digital image analysis in corneal flat preparations. To test their inhibitory effects on eicosanoid synthesis, normal or cauterized corneas were incubated in the culture medium with the inhibitor. Prostaglandin E2 in the medium was assayed using an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay. RESULTS. Both NS-398 and indomethacin significantly inhibited corneal neovascularization with the % inhibition of 36.4 +/- 9.6%, and 38.5 +/- 9.0%, respectively, when applied topically at a concentration of 0.1% (p < .001). Neither reduced the angiogenic response at a concentration of 0.01% or below. PGE(2) production in the cauterized cornea was 2.0 times higher than that in the controls. In normal corneas, indomethacin inhibited PGE(2) synthesis by 80%, whereas NS-398 inhibited it by no more than 20%. In contrast, in injured corneas, both indomethacin and NS-398 inhibited PGE(2) synthesis in a similar fashion, with a maximal inhibition rate of 75 to 80%. CONCLUSIONS. Our results suggest that COX-2 induction in cauterized corneas increases the level of eicosanoids, which result in corneal angiogenesis.

[[[]] [[]] ANSWER 10 OF 50

MEDLINE

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999186594 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

99186594 PubMed ID: 10088733 Ketorolac tromethamine 0.5% ophthalmic solution in the treatment of moderate to severe ocular inflammation after

cataract surgery: a randomized, vehicle-controlled clinical

GOMMENT: AUTHOR:

Comment in: Am J Ophthalmol. 1999 Nov; 128 (5):662-3

Heier J; Cheetham J K; Degryse R; Dirks M S; Caldwell D R;

Silverstone D E; Rosenthal A

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Ophthalmic Consultants of Boston and Center for Eye

(1999-Mar)

Research, Massachusetts, USA.

AMERICAN JOURNAL OF OPHTHALMOLOGY, SOURCE:

253-9.

Journal code: 0370500. ISSN: 0002-

PUB. COUNTRY: DOCUMENT TYPE:

United States (CLINICAL TRIAL)

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

(MULTICENTER STUDY)

(RANDOMIZED CONTROLLED TRIAL)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

199903

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 19990402 Last Updated on STN: 20000327

Entered Medline: 19990324

PURPOSE: To investigate the efficacy and safety of ketorolac tromethamine AB 0.5% ophthalmic solution (Acular; Allergan, Inc, Irvine, California) in the treatment of moderate to severe anterior segment inflammation developing after unilateral cataract surgery with intraocular lens implantation. METHODS: Only patients who exhibited moderate or greater levels of cells and flare 1 day after surgery were included in this multicenter, double-masked, randomly assigned, parallel-group study. Topical ketorolac or vehicle solution (Allergan, Inc) was administered to the treated eye four times daily, starting the day after surgery and continuing for 14 days. RESULTS: Ketorolac was significantly more effective than the vehicle solution in reducing anterior chamber cells (P < or = .030) and flare (P < or = .025), conjunctival erythema (P < or = .046), ciliary flush (P < or = .006), tearing (P < or = .012), photophobia (P < or = .014), and pain (P < or = .049). Half as many patients from the ketorolac group (14/51) were discontinued from the study for lack of efficacy, compared with the vehicle group (28/51; P = .005). There was no significant difference between ketorolac and the vehicle solution in

changes in visual acuity, intraocular pressure, biomicroscopic\_or ophthalmoscopic variables, or adverse events. CONCLUSIONS: Ketorolac tromethamine 0.5% ophthalmic solution is safe and provides substantial anti-inflammatory activity in the treatment of moderate to severe anterior segment inflammation developing after cataract surgery and intraocular lens implantation.

L137 ANSWER 11 OF 50 MEDLINE

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998347625 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

98347625 PubMed\_ID: \_9682703\_

TITLE:

The effects of topical nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs

on adenoviral replication.

AUTHOR:

Gordon Y J; Araullo-Cruz T; Romanowski E G

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Ophthalmology, University of Pittsburgh School of Medicine, Pa., USA..\_yjgordon@vision.eei.upmc.edu

CONTRACT NUMBER: EY05232 (NEI)

SOURCE:

ARCHIVES-OF-OPHTHALMOLOGY (1998 Jul) 116 (7) 900-5.

Journal code: 7706534. ISSN: 0008-9950.

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 19980817

Last Updated on STN: 20000303

Entered Medline: 19980804

OBJECTIVE: To evaluate the antiviral activity of topical diclose (Voltaren Ophthalmic) and ketorolac tromethamine (Acular) (2 nor AΒ topical dicloser anti-inflammatory drugs [NSAIDs]) on adenoviral replication in in the adenovirus (Ad) 5 McEwen-New Zealand rabbit ocular model The 50% inhibitory concentration of ketorolac and diclofenac and



respective preservative components were determined for common ocular adenoviral serotypes (Ad8, Ad19, Ad1, and Ad5). In a series of experiments, Ad5 McEwen-inoculated New Zealand rabbit eyes were treated topically 4 times daily for 18 days with either ketorolac, diclofenac, prednisolone acetate (Pred Forte), or control vehicle (Comfort Tears). MAIN OUTCOME MEASURES: Outcome measures included serial ocular tear film titers and the formation of subepithelial immune corneal infiltrates. RESULTS: In vitro, neither ketorolac nor diclofenac demonstrated significant inhibitory activity against Ad1, Ad5, Ad8, or Ad19. In the rabbit model, there were no statistically significant differences among ketorolac, diclofenac, and the control vehicle with respect to viral replication or the formation of subepithelial immune infiltrates. In contrast, 1% prednisolone prolonged viral shedding and inhibited immune infiltrates (P < .001 for both). CONCLUSIONS: Our experimental study suggests that treatment of epidemic keratoconjunctivitis with topical NSAIDs may be a safer alternative than topical steroids. Only controlled clinical trials can determine whether topical NSAIDs can provide symptomatic relief and not interfere with normal viral clearance.

, L137 ANSWER 12 OF 50 MEDLINE

建筑 Acres 12 mg 

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AΒ

RCE:

1998287247 ACCESSION NUMBER: MEDLINE

∰ ĎOCUMENT NUMBER: 98287247 PubMed ID: 9625565

Topical diclofenac., sodium in the management of anesthetic

TITLE: abuse keratopathy.

\*AUTHOR: Dornic D I; Thomas J M; Lass J H

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Ophthalmology, University Hospitals of 

Cleveland, and Case Western Reserve University School of

Medicine, OH 44106, USA.

SOURCE: AMERICAN JOURNAL OF OPHTHALMOLOGY, (1998 May) 125 (5)

719-21.

Journal code: 0370500. ISSN: 0002-9394.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

A DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

: LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199806

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19980625

Last Updated on STN: 19980625 Entered Medline: 19980615

PURPOSE: To report a case of anesthetic abuse keratopathy and to suggest the use of topical diclofenac sodium in the management of this disorder. METHOD: Narcotics and topical diclofenac were used to control pain in a patient who developed a corneal ulcer after abusing topical anesthetics. RESULT: After the institution of topical diclofenac, the patient reported substantial improvement in comfort and less reliance on narcotic agents for analgesia. CONCLUSION: We found topical diclofenac to be useful in controlling pain in this patient with anesthetic abuse keratopathy.

137 ANSWER 13 OF 50 MEDLINE

1998304377 MEDLINE

98304377 PubMed ID: 9640195

E137 ANSWER 13 OF ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: Use of indomethacin for pain relief following scleral

buckling surgery.

AUTHOR: Sadiq S A; Stevenson L; Gorman C; Orr G M CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Ophthalmology, Queen's Medical Centre,

BRITISH JOURNAL OF OPHTHALMOLOGY, (1998 Apr) 82 (4) 429-31.

Journal code: 0421041. ISSN: -0007-1161.

COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom

TYPE: (CLINICAL TRIAL)

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

(RANDOMIZED CONTROLLED TRIAL)

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

199807

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 19980716

Last Updated on STN: 19980716 Entered Medline: 19980706

BACKGROUND/AIMS: Patients undergoing scleral buckling and cryotherapy AB suffer from mild to moderate postoperative pain. As good pain relief facilitates post-operative ocular examination, as well as patient comfort and recovery, the authors designed a prospective randomised double masked trial to evaluate the efficacy of indomethacin as a satisfactory analgesic for such patients. METHOD: Patients with a primary uncomplicated rhegmatogenous retinal detachment requiring scleral buckling and cryotherapy were randomly allocated to receive either indomethacin or placebo. A rectal suppository was administered 2 hours before surgery, followed by two capsules twice daily for 10 days. Pain relief was assessed with a linear graphic rating scale at the end of each day. Supplementary analgesia was allowed and recorded. RESULTS: 12 patients received indomethacin (group A) and 16 received placebo (group B). The extent of surgery was similar in both groups. One patient in group A, and two in group B withdrew after 3 days. The pain scores were converted to changes from the baseline (score on day 1), and the area under the curve calculated for each patient. The means of the areas were analysed with the Mann-Whitney test and showed that indomethacin caused a statistically significant reduction in pain score, both at 3 days (p = 0.04) and at 10 days (p = 0.014). There was no statistically significant difference in extra analgesic requirements between the two groups (p = 0.2). CONCLUSIONS: Indomethacin is recommended for short to medium term pain relief following scleral buckling and cryotherapy.

L137 ANSWER 14 OF 50 MEDLINE

ACCESSION NUMBER:

97298858 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

PubMed ID: 9154274 97298858 Cyclooxygenase-2 anibitors: a new

TITLE:

approach to the therapy of ocular inflammation.

AUTHOR: CORPORATE SOURCE: Masferrer J L; Kulkarni P S G. D. Searle/Monsanto, St.

SOURCE:

Louis, Missouri, USA. SURVEY OF OPHTHALMOLOGY, (1997 Feb) 41 Suppl 2 S35-40.

Journal code: 0404551. ISSN: 0039-6257.

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

General Review; (REVIEW)

(REVIEW, TUTORIAL)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

199706

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 19970620

Last Updated on STN: 19970620 Entered Medline: 19970612

Prostaglandins (PGs) can be synthesized through the activities of two cyclooxygenase (COX) isoforms. COX-1 is constitutively expressed in most tissues and its activity provides for the relative small amounts of PGs required for the mediation and modulation of normal physiological

functions. In inflammatory conditions, cox 2003 rapidly induced by cytokines, growth factors and bacterial endotoxin, and its enzymatic activity accounts for the large amounts of PGs produced during inflammation. The currently used nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) are nonselective inhibitors of both GOX isoforms. Inhibition of COX-2 leads to the therapeutically

desired inhibition of the synthesis of pro-inflammatory PGs, but at the same time produces side effects associated with inhibition of COX-1 and the consequent suppression of the production of PGs necessary for normal cellular functions. Selective inhibition of COX-2

expression explains, at least in part, the potent anti-inflammatory activity of corticosteroids. However, the systemic and ocular side effects of these steroids have greatly limited their use, especially their long-term use for the management of chronic inflammatory conditions. The current effort to develop highly selective nonsteroidal COX-2 inhibitors for the treatment of arthritis and other inflammatory diseases can also be expected to yield a new approach to the treatment of uveitis and other ocular inflammatory conditions. This new class of NSAIDs will provide anti-inflammatory and analgesic activity while circumventing the most serious side effects of the current available NSAIDs, resulting from their inhibition of the physiologically required COX-1 activity.

L137 ANSWER 15 OF 50 MEDLINE

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AB

ACCESSION NUMBER: 92195583 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 92195583 PubMed ID: 1666177

TITLE: Treatment of experimental Pseudomonas keratitis with

AUTHOR: cyclo-oxygenase and lipoxygenase inhibitors. Moreira H; McDonnell P J; Fasano A P; Silverman D L; Coates

T D; Sevanian A ECORPORATE SOURCE:

Doheny Eye Institute, Los Angeles, CA 90033.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Doheny Eye Inst CONTRACT NUMBER: EYO 3040 (NEI) COURCE: OPHTHALMOLOGY, OPHTHALMOLOGY, (1991-Nov) 98 (11) 1693-7.

PUB. COUNTRY: Journal code: 7802443. ISSN: 0161-6420.

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) LANGUAGE:

English FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199204

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19920509

Last Updated on STN: 19960129 Entered\_Medline: 19920421---

The role of metabolites of arachidonic acid in experimental Pseudomonas keratitis was studied using inhibitors of arachidonic acid metabolism. Nordihydroguaiaretic acid  $\tilde{1}\%$ , which inhibits predominantly the lipoxygenase pathway, and flurbiprofen 0.03%, which inhibits predominantly the cyclo-oxygenase pathway were administered topically to rabbit eyes after intrastromal injection of Pseudomonas aeruginosa. Levels of the cyclo-oxygenase product prostaglandin E2 (PGE2) and the lipoxygenase product leukotriene B4 (LTB4) were measured, and the number of ulcers that had progressed to descemetocele formation by 24 hours was determined. Corneal ulceration was accelerated by flurbiprofen, but nordihydroguaiaretic acid limited the flurbiprofen-induced worsening. The use of flurbiprofen was associated with decreased levels of PGE2 and a relative increase polymorphonucles cyclo-oxygenase inhibition of 1: 137 ANSWER 16 OF 50 ACCESSION NUMBER relative increase in LTB4, a potent chemoattractant and activator of polymorphonuclear leukocytes. These results suggest that inhibition of the cyclo-oxygenase pathway may be contraindicated in Pseudomonas keratitis; inhibition of lipoxygenase can prevent this worsening of the keratitis.

MEDLINE

· MACCESSION NUMBER: 90147178 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

9.0147178 PubMed\_ID:-2302115--TITLE: Reiter's Keratoconjunctivitis.

AUTHOR: Wiggins R-E-Jr; Steinkuller P G; Hamill M B

SOURCE: ARCHIVES OF OPHTHALMOLOGY, (1990 Feb) 108 (2) 280-1.

Journal code: 7706534. ISSN: 0003-9950.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

差 LANGUAGE: English

EFILE SEGMENT: Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals ENTRY MONTH:

199003

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19900328

Last Updated on STN: 19900328 Entered Medline: 19900315

L137 ANSWER 17 OF 50 MEDLINE

ACCESSION NUMBER: 89239600 MEDITNE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 89239600 PubMed ID: 3247209

TITLE: [Piroxicam eyedrops in keratoconjunctivitis sicca. A new

therapeutic perspective].

Piroxicam collyre dans la keratoconjonctivite seche. Une

nouvelle perspect ve therapeutique.

AUTHOR: Bragliani G; Franco F; Marescotti A; Gaiba G

SOURCE: OPHTALMOLOGIE, (1988\Oct) 2 (4) 359-62.

Journal code: 8900549. ISSN: 0989-3105.

PUB. COUNTRY: France

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

French LANGUAGE:

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 198906

Entered STN: 19900306 ENTRY DATE:

> Last Updated on STN: 19900306 Entered Medline: 19890619

L137 ANSWER 18 OF 50 MEDLINE

ACCESSION NUMBER: 87012857 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 87012857 PubMed ID: 3761968

TITLE: [Local treatment with diclofenac-Na eyedrops in diseases of

the anterior eye segment].

Lokale Behandlung mit Diclofenac-Na-Augentropfen bei

Erkrankungen der vorderen Augenabschnitte.

AUTHOR:

SOURCE: KLINISCHE MONATSBLATTER FUR AUGENHEILKUNDE, (1986 Jun) 188

Journal code: 0014133. ISSN: 0023-2165. PUB. COUNTRY: GERMANY, WEST: Germany, Federal Republic of

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: German

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 198611

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19900302

> Last Updated on STN: 19900302 Entered Medline: 19861104

The nonsteroid anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) dictofenac-sodium, in the AΒ galenic form of an eye drop solution (0.1%), has been tested in an open clinical trial in the following indications: episcleritis (30 patients), limbal corneal ulcer (9-patients), hay fever conjunctivitis and/or conjunctivitis phlyctaenulosa (11 patients). The result of this clinical trial has shown that diclofenac-sodium eye drop solution fulfills all the requirements of a well-tolerated and effective NSAID. The application of diclofenac-sodium eye drop solution (3-5 times daily) resulted in a clear-cut reduction in the use of eye drops containing steroids and its prominent analgesic effect was impressive. Although a slight, transient burning sensation was noticed by a few patients shortly after instillation, no local or systemic adverse reactions were observed.

L137 ANSWER 19 OF 50 DRUGU COPYRIGHT 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-13547 DRUGU P

Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs prevent early diabetic TITLE:

retinopathy via TNF-alpha suppression.

AUTHOR: Joussen A M; Poulaki V; Mitsiades N; Kirchhof B; Koizumi K;

Doehman S; Adamis A P

CORPORATE SOURCE: Harvard-Med.Sch.; Univ.Cologne

LOCATION: Boston, Mass., USA; Cologne, Ger.

FASEB J. (16, No. 3, 438-40, 2002) 3 Fig. SOURCE:

CODEN: FAJOEC ISSN: 0892-6638

AVAIL. OF DOC.: Retina Research Laboratory, Massachusetts Eye and Ear

Infirmary, Harvard Medical School, 324 Cambridge St., Boston, MA 02115, U.S.A. (A.P.A.). (e-mail:

tony adamis@meei.harvard.edu).

LANGUAGE: English DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal FIELD AVAIL.:
FILE SEGMENT: AB; LA; CT \_Literature

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**创一点** 

The effects of aspirin (AS), meloxicam (MX), and etanercept (ET) in the pathogenesis of diabetic retinopathy was investigated in a rat model of diabetic retinopathy. AS, MX, and ET reduced leukocyte adhesion, blood-retinal barrier breakdown, and TNF-alpha production. All 3 drugs also prevented the up-regulation of endothelial nitric oxide synthase (eNOS), ICAM-1 and the activation of nuclear factor kappa B (NF-kappa B). Only AS was able to down-regulate Erk kinase activation and leukocyte CD11a, CD11b, CD18 surface protein levels. Results indicate that these pharmacological agents had a beneficial effect in early experimental diabetic retinopathy and may hold promise for clinical efficacy in patients.

ANSWER 20 OF 50 DRUGU COPYRIGHT 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-08427 DRUGU S

Unusual NSAID hypersensitivity. AUTHOR: Fernandez Rivas M; Miranda I

LOCATION: Alcorcon, Esp.

Allergy (57, No. 2, 183-84, 2002) 3 Ref.

CODEN: LLRGDY ISSN: 0105-4538

AVAIL. OF DOC.: Fundacion Hospital Alcorcon, Unidad de Alergia, C/Budapest 1,

28922 Alcorcon, Spain.

LANGUAGE: DOCUMENT TYPE: English Journal EVIELD AVAIL.: FILE SEGMENT:
AB A case
antiinf AB; LA; CT Literature

A case is reported of conjunctivities induced by non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDS Kaspirin, metamizole, ibuprofen, diclofenac and dexketoprofen); no other such selective ocular reactions are thought to have been reported. Paracetamol and nimesulide were well tolerated. No protective effect was offered by premedication with disodium cromoglycate, sodium nedocromil, levocabastine and fluorometolone eye drops. In conclusion, this is an exceptional case of 1 isolated left eye conjunctivitis after p.o. (and focal) administration of NSAIDs, in which a local idiosyncratic reaction to inhibition of the cyclo-oxygenase pathway seems to be involved. The patient was advised to

Remitting seronegative symmetrical synovitis with pitting edema following intravesical bacillus Calmette-Guerin

AUTHOR: LOCATION: Mouly S; Berenbaum F; Kaplan G

Paris, Fr.

SOURCE: J.Rheumatol. (28, No. 7, 1699-701, 2001) 1 Tab. 15 Ref.

CODEN: JRHUA9

ISSN: 0315-162X 海 AVAIL. OF DOC.: General Clinical Research Center, Campus Box No. 7600, Room

3005 APCF, The University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, NC

27599-7600, U.S.A. (e-mail: snouly@email.unc.edu).

E LANGUAGE: English DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal FIELD AVAIL.: AB; LA; CT FILE SEGMENT: Literature

AND AND

AB

A case of remitting seronegative symmetrical synovitis with pitting edema following intravesical BCG in an HLA-B27 positive bladder carcinoma patient is described. The patient was admitted for polyarthritis after

receiving intravesical BCG. He received ketoprofen and morphine sulfate and showed immediate improvement. AST, ALT, serum gammaglutamyltransferase, and alkaline phosphatases increased following ketoprofen treatment. Morphine was stopped and indometacin was started in place of ketoprofen. The patient still complained of moderate pain with synovitis in the ankles, knees, and joints and indometacin was replaced with meloxicam. This resulted in a complete resolution of joint pains, synovitis, knee effusions, and behavioral changes.

L137 ANSWER 22 OF 50 DRUGU COPYRIGHT 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001-47054 DRUGU P

Pharmacological actions and therapeutic uses of cannabis and TITLE:

Kumar R N; Chambers W A; Pertwee R G AUTHOR:

CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ.Grampian

Aberdeen, U.K. LOCATION: SOURCE:

Anaesthesia (56, No. 11, 1059-68, 2001) 1 Tab. 79 Ref. CODEN: ANASAB ISSN: 0003-2409

Department of Anaesthesia, Grampian University Hospitals, AVAIL. OF DOC.:

Aberdeen AB25 2ZN, Scotland. (W.A.C.). (e-mail: alastair.chambers@arh.grampian.scot.nhs.uk).

LANGUAGE: English DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal AB; LA; CT FIELD AVAIL.: Literature FILE SEGMENT:

The pharmacological actions and therapeutic uses of canhabis and cannabinoids are reviewed. 2 Cannabis receptors (CB1 and CB2) bind the endogenous ligands anandamide, 2-arachidonoylglycerol and palmitoylethanol amide, the capsaicin analog olvanil and various synthetic compounds (WIN-55212, CP-55940, SR-144528 and SR-141716A) but some effects are mediated by non-receptor mechanisms. Tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) and other cannabinoids are #apidly absorbed and metabolised. Relaxant effects have led to use in spasticity (Nabilone), pain (levonatradol), emesis, anorexia, epilepsy, glaucoma, asthma and psychiatry, toxicity is low but sedation is common and tolerance can be induced.

L137 ANSWER 23 OF 50 DRUGU COPYRIGHT 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001-43235 DRUGU Ρ . .

Inhibition of COX in ocular tissues. An in vitro model to TITLE:

identify selective COX-2

inhibitors.

Garcia Cabanes C; Palmero M; Bellot J L; Castillo M; Orts A AUTHOR:

CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ.Alicante

Alicante, Esp. LOCATION:

J.Ocul. Pharmacol. Ther. (17, No. 1, 67-73, 2001) 3 Fig. 1 Tab. SOURCE:

28 Ref.

CODEN: JOPTF ISSN: 1080-7683

Department of Interuniversitary Optics, University of AVAIL. OF DOC.:

Alicante, Campus de San Vicente, E-03080 Alicante, Spain.

(A.O.). (e-mail: alfredo.orts@ua.es).

English LANGUAGE: Journal DOCUMENT TYPE: AB; LA; CT FIELD AVAIL.: Literature FILE SEGMENT:

Incubation with diclofenac (Sigma-Chem.) or NS-398 (Calbiochem) resulted in inhibition of the lipopolysaccharide (LPS, Sigma-Chem.)-induced increase in PGE2 synthesis in both cultured bovine corneal endothelial cells (CEC) and retinal pigmentary epithelial (RPE) cells. Diclofenac seemed to be a COX-2 inhibitor because its

IC50 value in RPE cells were similar to the IC50 value of NS-398. Whereas in CEC, NS-398 was several times more potent than diclofenac i inhibiting PGE2 synthesis induced by LPS. Piroxicam (Tocris) was the

weaker inhibitor on either type of cell. Findings suggest that this in vitro model could be used as a suitable assay system to determine the COX-2 selectivity of new NSAID during inflammatory events in ocular tissues.

L137 ANSWER 24 OF 50 DRUGU COPYRIGHT 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000-46050 DRUGU РВЕ

Neparenace a unique nonsteroidal prodrug with potential utility in the treatment of trauma-induced ocular

inflammation: I. assessment of anti-inflammatory efficacy. · AUTHOR: Gamache D.A; Graff G; Brady M T; Spellman J M; Yanni J M

CORPORATE SOURCE: Alcon

Fig. a.r. 

· (2)

1

AB

ı. AB

LOCATION: Fort Worth, Tex., USA

SOURCE:

Inflammation (24, No. 4, 357-70, 2000) 6 Fig. 2 Tab. 20 Ref. CODEN: INFLD4 ISSN: 0360-3997

AVAIL. OF DOC.: Pharmaceutical Products Research, Alcon Research, Ltd.,

S. Freeway, Fort Worth, Texas, U.S.A.

LANGUAGE: English DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal AB; LA; CT FILE SEGMENT: Literature ÅB

The effect of nepafenac (NP) in trauma-induced ocular inflammation was investigated in-vivo in rabbits and in in-vitro experiments. Diclofenac (DC) and ammenae (AM) were used as reference compounds. New Zealand Albino rabbits (2-2.5 kg) received ocular NP, DC 50 ul 0.1% or saline followed by induction of trauma-induced inflammation 45 min later. In-vitro, NP and DC showed cyclooxygenase (COX)-1 inhibitory activity with IC50 of 64.3 and 0.12 uM, respectively. AMminhibited COX-1 and COX-2 with IC50 of 0.25 and 0.15 uM, respectively. Ex-vivo, NP inhibited prostaglandin activity in the iris

ciliary body (85-95%) and the retinoid/choroid (55%) for 6 and 4 hr, respectively. NP was longer acting than DC and not as effective. In-vivo, this was confirmed in the ocular inflammation model. Results show there should be further investigation for postoperative ocular inflammation. (No EX).

L137 ANSWER 25 OF 50 DRUGU COPYRIGHT 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001-22240 DRUGU -- PE

TITLE: Ocular inclammatory models. AUTHOR: Ogawa T

GORPORATE SOURCE: Senju Osaka, Jap Source: Jpn J. Phan CODEN: JJI

Osaka, Jap.

Jpn J. Pharmacol (82, Suppl. 1, 188, 2 CODEN: JJPAAZ ISSN: 0021-5198 CODEN: JJPAAZ

AVAIL. OF DOC.: International R & D Division, Senju Pharmaceutical Co., Osaka

541-0046, Japan.

LANGUAGE: English DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal FIELD AVAIL.: AB; LA; CT FILE SEGMENT: Literature

The effects of topically applied cyclooxygenase (COX) inhibitors, bromfenac sodium (BF), betamethasone (BM), indometacin (IM) and nimesulide, on ocular inflammatory rat and rabbit models were investigated. The models showed that the COX isozyme involved in response was different in models and there were some models where prostaglandins (PGs) did not have any role in ocular signs. It was concluded that suitable models should be carefully selected to show the efficacy of COX inhibitors for clinical use. (conference paper: 73rd Annual Meeting of the Japanese Pharmacological Society, Yokohama, Japan, 2000.).

ANSWER 26 OF 50 DRUGU COPYRIGHT 2002 THOMSON DERWENT ESSION NUMBER: 1999-22369 DRUGU Arterially perfused eye model of the second

AUTHOR: Shiels I A; Sanderson S D; Taylor S M LOCATION: Brisbane, Austr.; Omaha, Neb., USA

SOURCE: Aust.Vet.J. (77, No. 2, 100-104, 1999) 4 Fig. 22 Ref.

CODEN: AUVJA2 ISSN: 0005-0423

AVAIL. OF DOC.: Department of Physiology and Pharmacology, University of

Queensland, St. Lucia, Queensland 4072, Australia.

LANGUAGE: English
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
FIELD AVAIL.: AB; LA; CT
FILE SEGMENT: Literature

AB An in vitro model of uveitis based on an ex situ perfused eye was developed to evaluate the anti-inflammatory activity of new pharmacological products. Hydrogen peroxide reduced the intraocular pressure and perfusion flow rate in canine eyes. Flunixin meglumine, ketoprofen, indomethacin and pirfenidone (PFD) inhibited the effects of hydrogen peroxide on intraocular pressure, but not those on mediator-induced changes in perfusate flow. Uveitis involves inflammation of intraocular tissue. PFD is a novel antifibrotic drug currently being evaluated for activity in pulmonary fibrosis in humans. PFD may also show activity in other fibrosing diseases such as recurrent uveitis. The new model of uveitis should allow evaluation of anti-inflammatory

L137 ANSWER 27 OF 50 DRUGU COPYRIGHT 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

activity without the need for experimental animals.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998-15439 DRUGU T

TITLE: Enzyme-inhibitors as drugs. (Part III).

AUTHOR: Nuhn P

CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ.Martin=Luther

LOCATION: Halle, Ger.

SOURCE: Pharm.Unserer Zeit (27, No. 1, 12-1/17: 1998) 33 Ref.

CODEN: PHUZBI ISSN: 0048-3664

AVAIL. OF DOC.: Fachbereich Pharmazie, Martin-Luther-Universitaet

Halle-Wittenberg, Wolfgang-Langenbeck-Str. 4, 06120 Halle,

Germany.

LANGUAGE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

FIELD AVAIL:

FILE SEGMENT:

German

Journal

AB; LA; CT

Fiterature

The use of enzyme-inhibitors as drugs is reviewed with reference to inhibitors of the biosynthesis of mediators of inflammation, protease inhibitors, inhibitors of enzymes involved in carbohydrate and fat metabolism, and inhibitors of carbonic anhydrase. Protease inhibitors are used in treatment of coagulation disorders, hemorrhagic shock, septic shock, inflammatory diseases (pancreatitis, rheumatoid arthritis, acute respiratory syndrome, lung emphysema) and ulceration of the cornea. Inhibitors of carbohydrate metabolism can be used in combination with insulin to prevent accumulation of sorbitol and fructose. Inhibitors of carbonic anhydrase are used as diuretics and antiepileptics, and in treatment of glaucoma.

L137 ANSWER 28 OF 50 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2002 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002162385 EMBASE

TITLE: Can we prevent recurrences of herpes infections without

antiviral drugs? The Weisenfeld Lecture.

AUTHOR: Kaufman H.E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: H.E. Kaufman, LSU Eye Center, 2020 Gravier Street, New

Orleans, LA 70112, United States. hkaufm@lsuhsc.edu

SOURCE: Investigative Ophthalmology and Visual Science, (2002) 43/5

(1325-1329). Refs: 37

ISSN: 0146-0404 CODEN: IOVSDA

COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Conference Article

FILE SEGMENT:

012 Ophthalmology

037

LANGUAGE:

Drug Literature Index

Males Harris

English

L137 ANSWER 29 OF 50 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2002 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001362880 EMBASE

TITLE:

[Development of markets for over-the-counter drugs and food

supplements in the USA 2000].

ENTWICKLUNG DES MARKTES FUR OTC-ARZNEIMITTEL UND

NAHRUNGSERGANZUNGSMITTEL IN DEN USA 2000.

辦 AUTHOR:

Walluf-Blume D.

CORPO

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dr. D. Walluf-Blume, Referat Selbstmedikation, Bvb

Pharmazeutischen Industrie e.V., Karlstr. 21,

SOURCE: Frankfurt/Main, Germany

Pharmazeutische Industrie, (2001) 63/9 (944-949).

Refs: 27

ISSN: 0031-711X CODEN: PHINAN

COUNTRY:

Germany

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT:

Public Health, Social Medicine and Epidemiology 017

036 Health Policy, Économics and Management

037 . Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE:

German

E137 ANSWER 30 OF 50 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2002 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001212917 EMBASE
Cataract/IOL surgeries and postoperative ps

Cataract/IOL surgeries and postoperative pseudophakias -

Related topics in the near future.

AUTHOR:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Miyake K. K. Miyake, Miyake Eye Hospital, 5-1070 Kami

Higashi-Oosone-cho, Kita-ku Nagoya-shi 462-0823, Japan SOURCE: Japanese Journal of Clinical Ophthalmology (2001) 55/5

(739-751).

Refs: 15

Japan

ISSN: 0370-5579 CODEN: RIGAA3

COUNTRY:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT: 012

Ophthalmology

037 Drug Literature Index

038 Adverse Reactions Titles

IANGUAGE:

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Japanese

English; Japanese

SUMMARY LANGUAGE:
AB Cataract/IOI Cataract/IOL surgery shows consistently good postoperative results, and is one of the successes of 20th century ophthalmology. With phacoemulsification, however, there is a regular incidence of intraoperative complications,/postoperative complications such as aftercataracts, and problems such as the quality of postoperative vision. At the same time, since a huge number of patients undergo this procedure, surgical training issues remain. In relation to these problems, we herein discuss the preclinical evaluation of new techniques such as laser surgery to replace phacoemulsification, the possibility of selective COX-2 inhibiting nonsteroidal eyedrops in pseudophakic eyes, the mechanism of cystoid-macular edema caused by anti-glaucoma eyedrops, and the application of new surgical observation systems using high-definition, high-quality 3D-TV for cataract/IOL surgery education.

L137 ANSWER 31 OF 50 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2002 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000427683 EMBASE

TITLE: SOURCE:

Corneal foreign bodies.

Practical Optometry, (2000) 1175 (191). ISSN: 1181-6058 CODEN: PROPFW

Canada

COUNTRY:
DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; General Review

Page 27

1 40 AV

FILE SEGMENT:

012 Ophthalmology

027 Biophysics, Bioengineering and Medical

Instrumentation

037 Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE:

English

L137 ANSWER 32 OF 50 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2002 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000327454 EMBASE

TITLE:

Fuchs' endothelial corneal dystrophy.

AUTHOR:

Melton R.; Thomas R.

SOURCE:

Practical Optometry, (2000) 11/4 (168-170).

ISSN: 1181-6058 CODEN: PROPFW

COUNTRY:

Canada

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT:

012 Ophthalmology 037 Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE:

English

L137 ANSWER 33 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:293418 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:330549

TIME:

Topical antibiotic composition for treatment of eye

DUPLICATE 1

INVENTOR(S):

Bandyopadhyay, Rebanta; Secreast, Pamela J.; Hawley,

Leslie C.; McCurdy, Vincent E.; Tyle, Praveen;

Bandyopadhyay, Paramita; Singh, Satish K.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Pharmacia & Upjohn Company, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 41 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE \_\_\_\_\_\_ 980395 A1 20020418 WO 2001-US31590 20011010 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG US 2002107238 A1 20020808 US 2001-974598 20011010 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2000-239136P P 20001010 US 2001-285340P P 20010420

There is approvided a pharmaceutical compn. suitable for topical administration to an eye, the compn. comprising as active agent one or AΒ more oxazolidinone antibacterial drugs, for example linezolid, in a concn. effective for treatment and/or prophylaxis of a gram-pos. bacterial infection of the eye, and one or more ophthalmically acceptable excipient ingredients that reduce rate of removal of the compn. from the eye by lacrimation such that the compn. has an effective residence time in the eye of about 2 to about 24 h. The compn. is, for example, an in situ gellable soln., suspension or soln./suspension. Formulations contg. a gelling or mucoadhesive agent (xanthan gum, HPMC, poloxamer 407, and polycarbophil) resulted in significant amts. of linezolid being retained in the exterior of treated eyes 1 h or more after application.

TΤ 162011-90-7, Rofecoxib 169590-42-5, Celecoxib 181695-72-7, Valdecoxib 202409-33-4, MK-663

```
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
          (Biological study); USES (Uses)
              (topical antibiotic compn. for treatment of eye infection)
    REFERENCE COUNT:
                                       THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                                4
                                       RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
    #137 ANSWER 34 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
  ACCESSION NUMBER:
                                                                 DUPLICATE 2
                                2002:71904 CAPLUS
  DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                                136:112699
 TITLE:
                                Method of using cyclooxygenase 2 (
                                COX=2) inhibitors in the
                                treatment and prevention of ocular cox-
                                2-mediated disorders
  INVENTOR(S):
                                Bandyopadhyay, Rebanta; Eveleth, David; Van Haarlem,
                                Tom; Kararli, Tugrul T.; Singh, Satish K.
  PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                                Pharmacia Corporation, USA
  SOURCE:
                                PCT Int. Appl., 103 pp.
  er mi
                                CODEN: PIXXD2
  DOCUMENT TYPE:
                                Patent
  LANGUAGE:
                                English
 EAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
                                3
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

WO 2002005848

WO 2002005848
                            KIND
                                   DATE
                                                   APPLICATION NO.
                                                                      DATE
                                   -----
                                                   -----
         WO 2002005848 A2
                                   20020124
                                                   WO 2001-US14600
         WO 2002005848 A3
                                                                      20010504
                                   20020704
  1: -2 :
                 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
                  CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM,
                  HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS,
                  LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO,
                  RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
             RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
                  DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
                  BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
 US 2000-218101P P 20000713
US 2001-279285P P 20010328

WARPAT 136:112699

The invention provides methods for the treatment and prevention of ocular
                                                US 2000-218101P P 20000713
         COX-2-mediated disorders using COX-2 inhibitors, e.g. celecoxib.
         329900-75-6, Cyclooxygenase 2
         RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
            (cyclooxygenase 2 inhibitors for
 3 13
2 13
2 13
            treatment and prevention of ocular COX-2-mediated
 ite, ite
            disorders)
169590-42-5, Celecoxib 169590-41-4,
169590-42-5, Celecoxib 181695-72-7,
Valdecoxib 202409-33-4, Etoricoxib
212126-32-4 266320-83-6
RL: PAC (Pharmacological celes
        162011-90-7, Rofecoxib 169590-41-4, Deracoxib
        RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
         (Biological study); USES (Uses)
            (cyclooxygenase 2 inhibitors for
            treatment and prevention of ocular COX-2-mediated
            disorders)
 1 L137 ANSWER 35 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
                                                                DUPLICATE 3
  ACCESSION NUMBER:
                               2002:71873 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                               136:123671
E TITLE:
                               Ophthalmic formulation of a selective
                               cyclooxygenase-2-inhibitory
INVENTOR(S):
                              Kararli, Tugrul T.; Bandyopadhyay, Rebanta; Singh,
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Searched by Barb O'Bryen, STIC 308-4291

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Satish K.; Hawley, Leslie C.
Pharmacia & Upjohn Company, USA
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PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

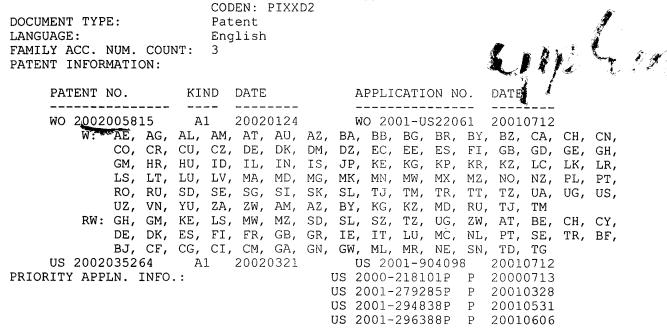
PCT Int. Appl., 71 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:



OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT-136:123671

A pharmaceutical compn. suitable for topical administration to an eye contains a selective COX-2 inhibitor or nanoparticles of a drug of low water soly., at a concn. effective for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of / a disorder in the eye, and 1 or more ophthalmically acceptable excipients that reduce rate of removal from the eye such that the compn. has an effective residence time of 2-24 h. Also provided is a method of treating and/or preventing a disorder in an eye, the method comprising administering to the eye a compn. of the invention. Thus, an ophthalmic nanoparticle suspension contained valdecoxib at 2.15 mg/g, 1.2% glycerin, 0.8% EDTA disodium salt, 4.0% Gelcarin GP-379NF, 0.21% SeaSpen PF and 0.82% Povidone.

329900-75-6, Cyclooxygenase-2 IΤ

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (inhibitor; ophthalmic formulation of cyclooxygenase-2 inhibitor pharmaceuticals)

TΨ 181695-72-7, Valdecoxib

RL: PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(ophthalmic formulation of cyclooxygenase-2

inhibitor pharmaceuticals)

IT 162011-90-7, Rofecoxib 169590-41-4, Deracoxib

169590-42-5, Celecoxib 202409-33-4, Etoricoxib 212126-32-4 266320-83-6

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(ophthalmic formulation of cyclooxygenase-2

inhibitor pharmaceuticals)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 10 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L137 ANSWER 36 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:521933 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:108286

TITLE:

Antibodies and fragments against epitopes present on cancer, metastatic or leukemia cells and platelets for diagnosis and therapy of tumor, metastasis, leukemia, autoimmune disease, and inflammation

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INVENTOR(S):
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Lazarovits, Janette; Hagai, Yocheved; Plaksin, Daniel; Vogel, Tikva; Nimrod, Abraham; Mar-Haim, Hagit;

Szanthon, Ester; Richter, Tamar; Amit, Boaz; Kooperman, Lena; Peretz, Tuvia; Levanon, Avigdor

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Bio-Technology General Corp., USA PCT Int. Appl., 310 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

LANGUAGE:

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Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

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PATENT NO.
                KIND DATE
                                    APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                                                     _____
WO 2002053700
               A2
                      20020711
                                   WO 2001-US49442 20011231
   W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
       CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
       GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
       LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
       PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
       UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ,
    RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH,
       CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR,
        BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                  US 2000-258948P P 20001229
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

\_\_US\_2000-751181 <u>A 20001229</u>

The present invention provides epitopes present on cancer cells and important in physiol phenomena such as cell rolling, metastasis, and inflammation. Therapeutic and diagnostic methods and compns. using antibodies capable of binding to the epitopes are provided. The antibodies or fragments are capable of binding to, e.g. PSGL-1, fibrinogen .gamma. prime, GP1b.alpha., heparin, lumi/can, complement compd. 4 (CC4), gamma. prime, GPIb.alpha., heparin, lumican, complement compd. 4 (CC4) interalpha inhibitor and prothrombin. Methods and compns. according to the present invention can be used in diagnosis of and therapy for such diseases as cancer, including tumor growth and metastasis, leukemia, auto-immune disease, and inflammatory disease.

162011-90-7, Rofecoxib 169590-42-5, Celecoxib

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(antibodies and fragments against epitopes present on cancer, metastatic or leukemia cells and platelets for diagnosis and therapy of tumor, metastasis, leukemia, autoimmune disease, and inflammation)

L137 ANSWER 37 OF ACCESSION NUMBER:
BOCUMENT NUMBER:
FITLE: 137 ANSWER 37 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

2002:449662 CAPLUS

137:33310

INVENTOR(S):

Preparation of anthropyrimidines as IKK inhibitors Kois, Adam; MacFarlane, Karen J.; Satoh, Yoshitaka;

Bhagwat, Shripad S.; Parnes, Jason S.; Palanki,

Moorthy S. S.; Erdman, Paul E.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Signal Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

PCT Int. Appl., 194 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

**LANGUAGE:** 

Patent English

EAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND				DATE			APPLICATION NO.					DATE					
:																	
	WO 2002046171			A	A2 20020613			M	WO 2001-US46403				20011205				
	. W:	ΑE,	ΑG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
	-					DE,											

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GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
             PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA,
             UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH,
             CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                        US 2000-251816P P 20001206
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                         MARPAT 137:33310
     The title compds. [I; R1 = (un)substituted (hetero)aryl; R2 = H; R3 = H,
     etc.; or NR5R6 = (un)substituted heterocycle; R8, R9 = H, alkyl, aryl,
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Jones

alkyl; R4 = halo, OH, alkyl, alkoxy; R5, R6 = R8, (CH2)aCOR9, (CH2)aCO2R9, etc.; a = 0-4] having activity as inhibitors of IKK, particularly IKK-2, were prepd. E.g., a multi-step synthesis of I [R1 = 4-ClC6H4; R2-R6 = H] having an IC50 of .ltoreq. 1 .mu.M in the IKK-2 enzyme assay, was given. Such compds. I have utility in the treatment of a wide range of conditions that responsive to IKK inhibition. Thus, methods of treating such conditions are also disclosed, as are pharmaceutical compns. contq. one or more compds. of the above compds.

IT 162011-90-7, Rofecoxib 169590-42-5, Celecoxib RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(antiinflammatory agent; prepn. of anilinopyrimidines as IKK inhibitors)

L137 ANSWER 38 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:449661 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:33309

TITLE:

Preparation of anilinopyrimidines as JNK pathway

inhibitors

INVENTOR(S):

Kois, Adam; MacFarlane, Karen J.; Satoh, Yoshitaka;

Bhagwat, Shripad S.; Parnes, Jason S.; Palanki,

Moorthy S. S.; Erdman, Paul E.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Signal Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 199 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PAT	ENT	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A.	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	Ο.	DATE			
	WO	2002	0461	70	A	2	2002	0613		W	20	01-U	S464	02	2001	1205		
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
			CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
			GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KΕ,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
			LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	ΝZ,	OM,	PH,
			PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,
							ZA,											
		RW:					MW,											
							FI,											
							CI,											TG
											000-	2519	04P	Р	2000	1206	,	
							PAT											
AB	AB The title compds. [I; R1 = (un) substituted (hetero) aryl; R2 = H; R3 = H,																	
																		aCO2R
							bsti											

R9, etc.; a = 0-4] having activity as inhibitors of the JNK pathway, were prepd. E.g., a multi-step synthesis of I [R1 = 4-C1C6H4; R2-R6 = H] having an IC50 of .ltoreq. 10 .mu.M in the JNK2 assay, was given. Such compds. I have utility in the treatment of a wide range of conditions that are responsive to inhibition of the JNK pathway. Thus, methods of treating such conditions are also disclosed, as are pharmaceutical compns.

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contg. one or more compds. of the above compds.
IT 162011-90-7, Rofecoxib 169590-42-5, Celecoxib

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (antiinflammatory agent; prepn. of anilinopyrimidines as JNK inhibitors)
                        (antiinflammatory agent; prepn. of anilinopyrimidines as JNK pathway
   ANSWER 39 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
   ACCESSION NUMBER:
                                                          2002:540258 CAPLUS
                                                        137:109267
Preparation of benzoxepinopyridines as HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors
   DOCUMENT NUMBER:
   INVENTOR(S):
                                                         Robl, Jeffrey A.; Chen, Bang-chi; Sun, Chong-qing
   PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                                                         USA
                                                         U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 42 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.
SOURCE:

SE

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DOCUMENT TYPE:

PATENT NO

PATENT NO

KIND
                                                        Ser. No. 875,155.
                                                         CODEN: USXXCO
                                                         Patent
                                                         English
                 PATENT NO.
                                            KIND DATE
                                                                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                                  ____
                                                                                           -----
                US 2002094977 A1 20020718 US 2001-7407 20011204
US 2002013334 A1 20020131 US 2001-875155 20010606
   PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                                       US 2000-211595P P 20000615
                                                                                      US 2001-875155 A2 20010606
AS THE STATE OF TH
                 Title compds. I [X = 0, S, S0, S02, NR7; Z = HOCHCH2CH(OH)CH2CO2R3,
               4-hydroxy-2-oxopyran-6-yl, etc.; n = 0, 1; R1, R2 = alkyl, arylalkyl,
                 cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloheteroalkyl; R3
               = H, alkyl, metal ion; R4 = H, halo, CF3, etc.; R7 = H, alkyl, aryl,
               alkanoyl, aroyl, alkoxycarbonyl, etc.; R9, R10 = H, alkyl), were prepd. as HMG CoA reductase inhibitors active in inhibiting cholesterol
                biosynthesis, modulating blood serum lipids such as lowering LDL cholesterol and/or increasing HDl cholesterol, and treating
                hyperlipidemia, hypercholesterolemia, hypertriglyceridemia and
                 atherosclerosis (no data). E.g., a multistep synthesis of II is reported.
  162011-90-7, Vioxx 169590-42-5,
                Celebrex
                RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
                 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
                      (coadministered agents; prepn. of benzoxepinopyridines as HMG-CoA
                       reductase inhibitors for the treatment of hyperlipidemia,
                       hypercholesterolemia, hypertriglyceridemia, atherosclerosis, and other
                       disorders)
  4137 ANSWER 40 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
  ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:392237 CAPLUS
  DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                                                         136:401651
  - TITLE:
                                                        Preparation of fused pyridine derivatives as HMG-CoA
                                                        reductase inhibitors
  INVENTOR(S):
                                                        Robl, Jeffrey A.; Chen, Bang-Chi; Sun, Chong-Qing
   PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                                                        USA
  SOURCE:
                                                        U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 46 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                                                        Ser. No. 875,218.
                                                        CODEN: USXXCO
                                                        Patent
  L'IANGUAGE:
                                                        English
  FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION:
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APPLICATION NO. DATE

PATENT NO.

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KIND DATE

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US 2002061901
                           20020523
                     A1
                                         US 2001-8154
                                                         20011204
                   A1
                          20020307
    US 2002028826
                                         US 2001-875218
                                                          20010606
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                      US 2000-211594P P 20000615
                                      US 2001-875218 A2 20010606
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MARPAT 136:401651 OTHER SOURCE(S):

The title compds. I and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, esters, prodrug esters, and stereoisomers are claimed [wherein: Z = CH(OH)CH2CR7(OH)CH2CO2R3 or corresponding pyranone lactone derivs.; n = 0, 1; x = 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4; y = 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4, provided that at least one of x and y is other than 0; and optionally one or more carbons of (CH2)xand/or (CH2)y together with addnl. carbons form a 3 to 7 membered spirocyclic ring; R1, R2 = alkyl, arylalkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloheteroalkyl; R3 = H or lower alkyl; R4 = H, halo, CF3, OH, alkyl, alkoxy, CO2H, (un)substituted NH2, cyano, (un)substituted CONH2, etc.; R7 = H, alkyl]. The compds. are HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors, and are active in inhibiting cholesterol biosynthesis and modulating blood serum lipids, for example, lowering LDL cholesterol and/or increasing HDL cholesterol (no data). I are thus useful in treating hyperlipidemia and dyslipidemia, in hormone replacement therapy, and in the attimination by percholesterolemia, hypertrigly ceridemia and atherosis, as well as Alemerimer's disease and osteoporosis. Prepns. of several compds. are described. For instance, a multistep synthesis of fused pyridine deriv. II is reported. Compds. I may be used in a manner similar to atorvastatin, pravastatin, simvastatin, etc. Combinations of compds. I with various other drugs are claimed, the latter being specified as certain pharmacol. classes, as inhibitors of specific enzymes, as (ant)agonists of specific receptors, and as numerous named drugs.

IT 162011-90-7, Vioxx 169590-42-5,

### Celebrex

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (therapeutic compns. also contg.; prepn. of fused pyridine derivs. as HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors)

L137 ANSWER 41 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:833096 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:352816

TITLE:

Prevention of insulin-dependent diabetes, complications thereof, or allograft rejection by inhibition of cyclooxygenase-2 activity or inhibition

of NF- kappa.B activation

INVENTOR(S):

Tabatabaie, Tahereh; Kotake, Yashige

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Oklahoma Medical Research Foundation, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 44 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATEN	T NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	N NC	Э.	DATE			
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-W⊙ <del>-</del> 240	01085	<b>1</b> *7*5	A	2	2001	1115		W	20	01-U:	S151	74	2001	0510		
		, AG,		ΑM,	AT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
	CR	, CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,
	HU	, ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,
	LU	, LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MΖ,	NO,	NΖ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,
	SD	, SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	ΤZ,	UA,	UG,	UZ,	VN,	YU,
	ZA	, ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM					
R	W: GH	, GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MΖ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,
		, DK,													TR,	BF,
	BJ	, CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NΕ,	SN,	TD,	TG		
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believed to be caused by an inflammatory process in the pancreas leading to selective destruction of the .beta. cells. Inducible cyclooxygenase (COX-2) is expressed under inflammatory conditions and its product prostaglandin E2(PGE2) is an important inflammation mediator. Administration of the selective COX-2 inhibitor such as, e.g., NS-398 prevents the onset of diabetes in mice brought on by multiple low-doses of streptozotocin (STZ). Histol. observations indicated that STZ-mediated destruction of .beta. cells was prevented by NS-398 treatment. Delayed (day 3) administration of NS-398 was also protective in this model. results demonstrate the crit. importance of COX-2 activity in autoimmune destruction of .beta. cells, and point to the fact that COX-2 inhibition should provide a preventive therapy against IDDM or other autoimmune problems, including allograft rejection. Inhibitors of NF-.kappa.B activation may also be used to prevent IDDM and allograft rejection.

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ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:10616 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
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134:91125\_\_\_

TITLE:

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S. . .

Walter Line (18)

Pharmaceutical compositions containing aldose

reductase inhibitors and selective cyclooxygenase-2

inhibitors

- INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Mylari, Banavara Lakshman Pfizer Products Inc., USA Eur. Pat. Appl., 103 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW Patent

English

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

LAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

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DAMENT NO	*****		
PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
			2.11
100406F			
EP 1064965	<b>A</b> 2 20010103	EP 2000-305361	20000626
R: AT, BE,	CH, DE, DK, ES,		
,,		FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU,	NL, SE, MC, PT,
能。	LT, LV, FI, RO		
JP 2001031569 CA 2313063	A2 20010206	TD 2000 1040F2	00000000
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CA 2313063	AA 20001230	CA 2000-2313063	20000629
BR 2000002957	A 20010130		
		BR 2000-2957	20000630
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO	.:	US 1999-141695P P	19990630
OTHER SOURCE (S) .	MADDAM 104 O		100000

MARPAT 134:91125

Pharmaceutical compns. contg. aldose reductase inhibitors, a prodrug thereof or a salts and and selective cyclooxygenase-2 inhibitors, a prodrug thereof or salts thereof are disclosed. The compns. are used for the treatment of diabetic complications such as diabetic neuropathy, diabetic nephropathy, diabetic retinopathy and diabetic cardiomyopathy. Hard gelatin capsules contained active ingredients 0.25-100, starch 0.0-650, starch powder 0.0-50, and silicone fluid 350-cSt 0.15 mg/capsules.

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黨 137 ANSWER 43 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2001:10609 CAPLUS
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DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:76394

INVENTOR(S):

Compositions containing aldose reductase inhibitors and selective cyclooxygenase inhibitors for the

treatment of diabetic complications

Mylari, Banavara Lakshman PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pfizer Products Inc., USA SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 11 pp.

Militan. DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

CODEN: EPXXDW

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

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DATE
                                                  APPLICATION NO.
                         KIND DATE
                                                  _____
                                                EP 2000-305354
                                                                      20000626
                        A2 20010103
          R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
               IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                                                                       20000623
                         B1 20020730
                                                  US 2000-602793
                                                                       20000628
                                20010206
                                                  JP 2000-194425
                          A2
     JP 2001031589
                                                  CA 2000-2313105
                                                                       20000629
                                20001230
     CA 2313105
                                                                       20000630
                                                  BR 2000-2933
                                20010130
     BR 2000002933
                                               US 1999-141780P
                                                                     19990630
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                           MARPAT 134:76394
OTHER SOURCE(S):
     Pharmaceutical compns. contain aldose reductase inhibitors such
     zopolrestat and selective cyclooxygenase-2 inhibitors for the treatment of
     diabetic complications.
L137 ANSWER 44 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
                          1999:529121 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                            131:157648
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                            Preparation of biarylacetic acid derivatives as COX-2
TITLE:
                             inhibitors
                            Bayly, Christopher I.; Black, Cameron; Ouimet,
INVENTOR(S):
                             Nathalie; Percival, David; Leger, Serge; Ouellet, Marc
                          Merck Frosst Canada & Co., Can.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                             PCT Int. Appl., 66 pp.
SOURCE:
                             CODEN: PIXXD2
                             Patent
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                             English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                                  APPLICATION NO. DATE
      PATENT NO. KIND DATE
                                                   ______
                                                 WO 1999-CA120 19990211
                         Al 19990819
           M: AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                         A 19991130 US 1999-246925 19990209
      US: 5994379
                                                   CA 1999-2318966 19990211
                          AA 19990819
      CA 2318966
                                             AU 1999-25065 19990211
EP 1999-904652 19990211
                           A1
                                 19990830
      AU 9925065
                          A1 20001129
           R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE,
                SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                                                   JP 2000-531421
                                                                        19990211
                          T2 20020205
       JP 2002503647
                                                US 1998-74627P P 19980213
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                   W 19990211
                                                WO 1999-CA120
                             MARPAT 131:157648
 OTHER SOURCE(S):
      Title compds. [I; R = H, CH3; R2 = H, F; R3 = H, CH3; Y = C(OEt), C(OMe), N, CH, C:O; Z = C, N; A = H; B = OEt, SEt, OPr, (E)-CH:CHCH3, CH3; A-B = NHC(CH3):CH; CHN(CH3)CH, OC(CH3):CH, SC(CH3):CH, NHC(CH3):N, N:C(CH3)O,
 AB
       N:C(CH3)S, OC(CH3):N, SC(CH3):N, CH2N(CH3)CH, CHC(CH3)N:CH; dotted bond = single, double in relation to Y, Z, A, B], pharmaceutically acceptable
       salts (sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium), tautomer, and esters
       thereof are prepd. and compns. which contain such compds. and methods of
       use the compds. are presented and tested as inhibitors of COX-2. Thus,
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THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

CH3; dotted bonds = double bonds) was prepd. from 3,5-diethoxyphenol in 3

steps.

REFERENCE COUNT:

### RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

暴压137 ANSWER 45 OF 50 WPIDS (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002-269309 [31] WPIDS

DOC. NO. CPI: FTITLE:

C2002-079950

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Molded article for administration to oral cavity to treat or prevent cyclooxygenase-2 mediated condition contains

selective cyclooxygenase-2

inhibitor.

DERWENT CLASS:

B02 B03 B07

KARARLI, T T; KONTNY, M J; LE, T T

(KARA-I) KARARLI T T; (KONT-I) KONTNY M J; (LETT-I) LE T

T; (PHAA) PHARMACIA CORP

97

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
COUNTRY COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO KIND DATE WEEK  $_{\rm LA}$ PG

...WO 2002015884 A2 20020228 (200231)\* EN

RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW

W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PH PL PT RO

RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW US 2002071857 A1 20020613 (200243)

AU 2001085011 A 20020304 (200247)

# APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO KIND	APPLICATION	DATE
WO 2002015884 A2 US 2002071857 Al Provisional	WO 2001-US25762 US 2000-226487P	20010817 20000818
AU 2001085011 A	US 2001-932537 AU 2001-85011	20010817 20010817

FILING DETAILS:
PATENT NO PATENT NO KIND PATENT NO

AU 2001085011 A Based on

WÖ 200215884

Ţ.,

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2000-226487P 20000818; US 2001-932537 20010817

AΒ WO 200215884 A UPAB: 20020516 

NOVELTY - Molded article (A) comprises a selective cyclooxygenase

-2 inhibitor (I) with a carrier system comprising at least one carbohydrate. The ingredients and their amounts in the molded article and a process for preparing the article are selected so that the article exhibits rapid disintegration in the oral cavity. The mouldable

blend is prepared by a process step not requiring wet granulation. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for the preparation of (A) which comprises mixing the drug with the excipient carrier system and shaping a unit dose quantity of the blend in a mold.

ACTIVITY - Analgesic; Antiinflammatory; Cardiant; Vasotropic; Respiratory; Dermatological; Cytostatic; Nootropic; Neuroprotective; Antiallergic; Cerebroprotective; Antiarthritic; Antianemic; Antithyroid; Ophthalmological; Gynecological; Tocolytic.

No biological data is given.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Cyclooxygenase-2

### inhibitor.

USE - Used for administration to an oral cavity to treat or prevent a

cyclooxygenase-2 mediated condition such as disorders characterized by inflammation and pain and/or fever e.g. arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, spondyloarthropathies, gouty arthritis, osteoarthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus and juvenile arthritis, asthma, bronchitis, menstrual cramps, preterm labor, tendinitis, bursitis, allergic neuritis, cytomegalovirus infectivity, apoptosis, lumbago, liver disease, hepatitis, psoriasis, eczema, acne, burns, dermatitis, sunburn, post-operative inflammation, inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, gastritis, ulcerative colitis, migraine, periarteritis nodosa, thyroiditis, aplastic anemia, type I diabetes, nephrotic syndrome, Behcet's syndrome, polymyositis, gingivitis, nephritis, hypersensitivity, myocardial ischemia, retinitis, scleritis, episcleritis, conjunctivitis, retinopathies, uveitis, ocular photophobia, pulmonary inflammation, cystic fibrosis, bone resorption, Alzheimers disease, neurodegeneration, stroke, trauma, dementia, allergic rhinitis, respiratory distress syndrome, pain, cancer, cardiovascular disorders such as atherosclerosis, arteriosclerosis, myocardial infarction, thrombosis and angiogenesis

ADVANTAGE - (I) Exhibits rapid disintegration in the oral cavity. The moldable blend is prepared by a process not requiring wet granulation, so that the overall process can be simplified, problems during granulation can be avoided, the article can have improved organoleptic qualities and exhibit improved resistance to breakage or attrition during handling, packaging and removal from a package, and greater flexibility can be obtained in the form of the molded article. They also have less harmful side effects than nonsteroidal antiinflammatory drugs and less gastrointestinal toxicity and irritation. Dwg.0/0

L137 ANSWER 46 OF 50 WPIDS (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-139466 [18] WPIDS

DOC. NO. CPI:

C2002-042870

TITLE:

New 1-(benzothiazol-2-yl)pyrazole derivatives are selective cyclooxygenase-2 inhibitors for treating

inflammatory diseases and pain.

DERWENT CLASS:

INVENTOR(S):

AOTSUKA, T; ISHITANI, K; KATO, H; WAGATSUMA, N

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (GREM) GRELAN PHARM CO LTD

COUNTRY COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO KIND DATE WEEK

WO 2001087880 A1 20011122 (200218) \* JA 32

RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW

W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK

DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU

SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW

AU 2001056705 A 20011126 (200222)

### APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	APPLICATION	DATE
WO 20010878 AU 20010567	80 A1	WO 2001-JP3940 AU 2001-56705	20010511

### FILING DETAILS:

PATENT NO KIND PATENT NO

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- AU 2001056705 A Based on
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WO 200187880

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: JP 2000-141316 20000515

WO 200187880 A UPAB: 20020319

NOVELTY - 1-(Benzothiazol-2-yl)pyrazole derivatives (I) are new. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - 1-(Benzothiazol-2-yl)pyrazole derivatives of formula (I) and their salts are new.

R1 = H, halo, lower alkyl or lower alkoxy;

= lower haloalkyl or lower alkyl; R2

R3 = lower alkyl; and

n = 0-2.

ACTIVITY - Antiinflammatory; Analgesic; Antiarthritic; Antirheumatic; Osteopathic; Respiratory-Gen.; Ophthalmological. 1-(Benzothiazol-2-yl)-3-difluoromethyl-5-((4-methylsulfinyl)phenyl)pyrazol e at 30 mg/kg orally suppressed 94% of adjuvant induced arthritis in rats compared to 64% for celecoxib at 30 mg/kg orally.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Cyclooxygenase-Inhibitor-2.

USE - As selective cyclooxygenase-2 inhibitors weekling and preventing inflammatory diseases and pain (claimed) including rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, neuralgia, bronchitis, conjunctivitis, prostatic inflammation or gingivitis.

ADVANTAGE - Are selective and have reduced side effects such as gastric mucosa disorders. Dwg.0/0

上137 ANSWER 47 OF 50 WPIDS (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001-625725 [72] WPIDS C2001-186385

DOC. NO. CPI:

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Antagonizing the binding of an integrin to its ligand useful for the treatment of angiogenesis comprises

administration of an ADAM-disintegrin domain polypeptide.

B04 B05 D16

DERWENT CLASS:

参 MINVENTOR(S): TRATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

BLACK, R A; CERRETTI, D P; FANSLOW, W C; POINDEXTER, K M (IMMV) IMMUNEX CORP; (BLAC-I) BLACK R A; (CERR-I)

CERRETTI D P; (FANS-I) FANSLOW W C; (POIN-I) POINDEXTER K М

94

COUNTRY COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

> PATENT NO KIND DATE WEEK LA \_\_\_\_\_\_

WO 2001062905 A2 20010830 (200172)\* EN 66

RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ

NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW

W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE

SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW

AU 2001047219 A 20010903 (200202) US 2002042368 A1 20020411 (200227)

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	APPLICATION	DATE
WO 2001062 AU 2001047 US 2002042		WO 2001-US5701 AU 2001-47219 US 2000-184865P US 2001-792200	20010223 20010223 20000225 20010223

# FILING DETAILS: PATENT NO

KIND

PATENT NO

AU 2001047219 A Based on

WO 200162905

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2000-184865P 20000225; US 2001-792200 20010223

AB WO 200162905 A UPAB: 20011206

NOVELTY - Antagonizing the binding of an integrin to its ligand or inhibiting angiogenesis in a mammal in need of it comprising the administration of an ADAM-disintegrin domain polypeptide (preferably except an RGD sequence), is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for identifying a compound that modulates integrin biological activity, interaction between an integrin and the ADAM disintegrin domain; or inhibits endothelial cell migration and/or angiogensis involving combining a test compound with endothelial cells and with the ADAM-disintegrin domain polypeptide (I) that binds to the integrin or endothelial cells; and determining whether the test compound alters the binding of (I) to the integrin or the endothelial cells.

ACTIVITY - Integrin binding activity; antiinflammatory; osteopathic; vasotropic; thrombolytic.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Endothelial cell migration inhibitor; angiogenesis inhibitor; integrin antagonist; neovascularization inhibitor. A planer endothelial cell migration assay was used to quantitate the inhibition of angiogenesis by ADAM-disintegrin-Fc-polypeptides in vitro. Primary human renal microvascular endothelial cells, (HRMEC) were isolated, cultured and used at the third passage after thawing. Replicate circular lesions wounds were generated in confluent HRMEC monolayers using a silicon-tipped drill press. At the time of wounding the medium was supplemented with 20 ng/ml phorbol-12-myristate-13 acetate (PMA) and/or a range of concentration of ADAM-disintegrin-Fc-polypeptide; ADAM-20 and -23 dis-Fc polypeptides showed the greatest inhibition of both EGF and PMA induced endothelial migration of 15 mu g/ml. While HuIgG (control) did not inhibit EGF or PMA induced endothelial cell.

USE - For treatment of ocular disorders, malignant and metastatic conditions, inflammatory diseases, osteoporosis, and other conditions mediated by accelerated bone resorption, restenosis, inappropriate platelet activation, recruitment or aggregation, thrombosis or a condition requiring aggregation, thrombosis or a condition requiring tissue repair or wound healing, angiogenesis, ocular neovascularization or solid tumor (all claimed); for the treatment of diabetic retinopathy, retinopathy or prematurity, neovascular glaucoma, retinoblastoma, retrolental fibroplasias, rubeosis, uveitis, macular degeneration, and corneal graft neovascularization, inflammatory diseases, ocular tumors, diseases associated with choroidal or iris neovascularization, arthritis, rheumatism, inflammatory bowel disease, psoriasis, coronary artery disease or injury, myocardial infarction or injury following myocardial infarction, stroke, unstable angina, atherosclerosis, arteriosclerosis, preeclampsia, embolism, platelet-associated ischemic disorders including lung ischemia, coronary ischemia, cerebral ischemia, restenosis following percutaneous coronary intervention including angioplasty, atherectomy, stent placement, and bypass surgery, thrombotic disorders including coronary artery thrombosis, cerebral artery thrombosis, intracardiac thrombosis, peripheral artery thrombosis, venous thrombosis, thrombosis and coagulopathies associated with exposure to a foreign or injured tissue surface and reocclusion following thrombosis, deep venous thrombosis, pulmonary embolism, transient ischemic attacks, and another conditions where vascular occlusion is a common underlying feature, in individuals at high risk for thrombus formation of reformation, advanced coronary artery disease, or for occlusion, reocclusion, stenosis and/or restenosis of blood vessels or stroke benign tumors and preneoplastic conditions, myocardial angiogenesis, hemophilic joints, scleroderma, vascular adhesions, asthma and allergy, eczema and dermatitis, graft versus host disease, sepsis, adult respiratory distress syndrome, telangiectasia, and

Jones . 09/849683 Page 40

wound granulation. The method are used in combination with angioplasty atherectomy or similar techniques, carotid endarterectomy, anastomosis of vascular grafts, surgery having a high risk of thrombus formation (i.e. coronary bypass surgery, insertion of a prosthetic valve or vessel and the like), atherectomy, stent placement, placement of a chronic cardiovascular device such as an in-dwelling catheter or prosthetic valve or transfer of the coronary bypass surgery. procedures, such as balloon angioplasty, laser angioplasty, coronary organ transplantation, or bypass surgery. Dwg.0/0

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L137 ANSWER 48 OF 50 WPIDS (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
 ACCESSION NUMBER:
                       2001-432701 [46]
                                        WPTDS
 CROSS REFERENCE:
                       2001-417847 [44]; 2001-451589 [48]; 2001-451615 [48];
                       2001-457263 [49]; 2001-475686 [51]; 2001-502457 [55];
                       2002-089529 [12]
 ₹ DOC. NO. CPI:
                       C2001-130904
PITLE:
                       Amorphous celecoxib, which has improved bioavailability
and dissolution properties, is useful for treatment of
                       disorders mediated by cyclooxygenase-2, e.g. inflammation
                      or pain.
                      В03
DERWENT CLASS:
INVENTOR(S):
                      HAGEMAN, M J; HE, X; KARARLI, T T; MACKIN, L A; MIYAKE, P
                      J; ROHRS, B R; STEFANSKI, K J
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                       (PHAA) PHARMACIA CORP; (PHAR-N) PHARM CORP
COUNTRY COUNT:
                       95
PATENT INFORMATION:
PATENT NO
                 KIND DATE WEEK LA
       WO 2001042221 A1 20010614 (200146)* EN
                                            43
          RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ
              NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW
           W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU_{\chi}CZ DE DK DM
              DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC
              LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE
              SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW
      AU 2001019311 A 20010618 (200161)
       EP 1150959
                    A1 20011107 (200168) EN
      R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT
              RO SE SI TR
       NO 2001003855 A 20011005 (200171)
       CZ 2001003210 A3 20020313 (200223)
       BR 2000008058 A 20020326 (200229)
       SK 2001001268 A3 20020702 (200253)
APPLICATION DETAILS:
      PATENT NO
                 KIND
                                      APPLICATION DATE
WO 2001042221 A1
                                      WO 2000-US32435 20001206
       AU 2001019311 A
                                      AU 2001-19311 20001206
       EP 1150959
                  A1
                                      EP 2000-982255
                                                       20001206
2 Sept. 1995.
                                      WO 2000-US32435 20001206
       NO 2001003855 A
                                      WO 2000-US32435 20001206
NO 2001-3855
                                                       20010808
```

### FILING DETAILS:

5

CZ 2001003210 A3

SK 2001001268 A3

BR 2000008058 A

154. ---

WO 2000-US32435 20001206

WO 2000-US32435 20001206

WO 2000-US32435 20001206

20001206

20001206

20001206

CZ 2001-3210

BR 2000-8058

SK 2001-1268

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PATENT NO KIND
                                                                   PATENT NO
                                                                 ______
AU 2001019311 A Based on WO 200142221
EP 1150959 A1 Based on WO 200142221
CZ 2001003210 A3 Based on WO 200142221
BR 2000008058 A Based on WO 200142221
SK 2001001268 A3 Based on WO 200142221
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2000-169856 20001201; US 1999-169856P

19991208; US 2000-730663 20001201

WO 200142221 A UPAB: 20020820 AB

NOVELTY - Amorphous celecoxib is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for:

- (A) amorphous celecoxib;
- (B) celecoxib drug substance in which at least a portion of the celecoxib present is amorphous;
- (C) celecoxib-crystallization inhibitor composite comprising particles of a material as described in (A) or (B) in intimate association with one or more crystallization inhibitors which reduces transformation of amorphous celecoxib to crystalline celecoxib; and
  - (D) composition comprising
- (i) a material as described in (A), (B) or (C), in an amount which provides a total celecoxib dosage of 10-1,000 mg, and
  - (ii) one or more excipients.

ACTIVITY - Analgesic; Antipyretic; Antiinflammatory; Neuroprotective; Antiasthmatic; Antiseborrheic; Hypotensive; Cardioprotective; Cytostatic; Hepatotropic; Dermatological; Ophthalmological; Antiallergic; Vulnerary; Gynecological; Osteopathic.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Cyclooxygenase-2 inhibitor.

USE - Celecoxib is useful in treatment of disorders mediated by cyclooxygenase-2, including disorders characterized by inflammation, pain or fever. It can be used in treatment of, e.g. arthritis, asthma, bronchitis, menstrual cramps, pre-term labor, tendinitis, bursitis, neuritis, cytomegalovirus infectivity, lumbago, liver diseases, eczema, acne, burns, glaucoma, dermatitis, gastrointestinal conditions, ophthalmic diseases, pulmonary inflammation, nervous system disorders, allergic rhinitis, respiratory distress syndrome, endotoxin shock syndrome, pain, inflammation-related cardiovascular disorders, angiogenesis-related disorders, or cancer. It can be used to decrease bone loss and to inhibit prostanoid-induced smooth muscle contraction, e.g. for treatment of dysmenorrhea.

ADVANTAGE - The amorphous exhibits enhanced bioavailability and improved dissolution properties, relative to crystalline celecoxib. It can be storage stable, particularly when combined with a crystallization inhibitor. Dwg.0/5

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L137 ANSWER 49 OF 50 WPIDS (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001-451589 [48] WPIDS
                     2001-417847 [44]; 2001-432701 [46]; 2001-451615 [48];
CROSS REFERENCE:
                    2001-457263 [49]; 2001-475686 [51]; 2001-502457 [55];
                     2002-089529 [12]; 2002-225919 [28]
DOC. NO. CPI:
                    C2001-136348
TITLE:
                     New oral valdecoxib compositions which have good
                     bioavailability and a rapid onset of activity, are useful
                     in treatment of disorders mediated by cyclooxygenase-2,
                     e.g., arthritis.
                     B03 B07
DERWENT CLASS:
                     DESAI, S; KARARLI, T T; KONTNY, M J; NADKARNI, S
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
```

COUNTRY COUNT:

(PHAA) PHARMACIA CORP; (PHAR-N) PHARM CORP 95

PATENT INFORMATION:

09/849683

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PATENT NO KIND DATE
                                   WEEK
                                             LA
                                                   PG
THE WO 2001041762 A2 20010614 (200148) * EN
                                                   30
           RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ
               NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW
            W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM
               DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC
               LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE
               SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW
       "AU 2001019310 A 20010618 (200161)
                      A2 20020102 (200209)
       EP 1165072
                                             ΕN
            R: AL AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL RO
SI
SK 2001001269 A3 20020404 (200232)
CZ 2001003163 A3 20020612 (200251)
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### APPLICATION DETAILS: S. P. F.

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194 of 1

	PATENT NO KIND	APPLICATION	DATE
Control of the contro	WO 2001041762 A2 AU 2001019310 A EP 1165072 A2	WO 2000-US32433 AU 2001-19310 EP 2000-982254	20001206 20001206 20001206
	SK 2001001269 A3	WO 2000-US32433 WO 2000-US32433 SK 2001-1269	20001206 20001206 20001206
	CZ 2001003163 A3	WO 2000-US32433 CZ 2001-3163	20001206 20001206
	NG DETAILS: PATENT NO KIND	PATENT NO	

PAT	rent no	KIND			PAT	CENT	NO
AU	200101931	.0 A	Based	on	WO	2001	41762
EP	1165072	A2	Based	on	WO	2001	41762
SK	200100126	59 A3	Based	on	WO	2001	41762
CZ	200100316	53 A3	Based	on	WO	2001	41762

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2000-202269P 20000505; US 1999-169856P 19991208; US 2000-181635P 20000210 19991208; US 2000-181635P 20000210

WO 200141762 A UPAB: 20020812

NOVELTY - Oral valdecoxib compositions which contain 1-100 mg of valdecoxib per dose and which meet specified pharmacokinetic requirements are new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Pharmaceutical composition comprises:

(i) 1-100 mg of valdecoxib per dose; and

- (ii) one or more excipients.

Upon oral administration of a single dose to a fasting subject, the time course of blood serum concentration is at least one of the following:

- (a) a time to reach a threshold concentration for therapeutic effect not greater than 0.5 hours after administration;
- (b) a time to reach maximum concentration (Tmax) not greater than 3
- (b) a time to reach maximum conhours after administration; and/or (c) a maximum concentration (c) ACTIVITY Analgesic; antipyre antiasthmatic; antiacne; hypotensive MECHANISM OF ACTION Cyclooxy USE Valdecoxib is mediated (c) a maximum concentration (Cmax) not less than 100 ng/ml. ACTIVITY - Analgesic; antipyretic; antiinflammatory; neuroprotective; antiasthmatic; antiacne; hypotensive; cardiant; cytostatic; antiviral. MECHANISM OF ACTION - Cyclooxygenase-2 inhibitor.

USE - Valdecoxib is useful in treatment of disorders mediated by cyclooxygenase-2, including disorders characterized by inflammation, pain or fever. It can be used in treatment of, e.g., arthritis, asthma, bronchitis, menstrual cramps, preterm labor, tendinitis, bursitis, neuritis, cytomegalovirus infectivity, lumbago,

liver diseases, eczema, acne, burns, glaucoma, dermatitis, gastrointestinal conditions, ophthalmic diseases, pulmonary inflammation, nervous system disorders, allergic rhinitis, respiratory distress syndrome, endotoxin shock syndrome, pain, inflammation-related cardiovascular disorders, angiogenesis-related disorders, or cancer. It can be used to decrease bone loss and to inhibit prostanoid-induced smooth muscle contraction, e.g., for treatment of dysmenorrhea.

ADVANTAGE - The composition has good bioavailability characteristics and has a rapid onset of activity. Dwg.0/4

L137 ANSWER 50 OF 50 WPIDS (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000-181828 [16] WPIDS

DOC. NO. CPI:

C2000-056752

TITLE:

Use of pyrazolylphenylsulfonyl exclooxygenase-2 inhibitors for the treatment of

angiogenesis mediated disorders e.g. metastasis,

corneal graft rejection, gastric ulcer

and ocular neovascularization.

DERWENT CLASS:

INVENTOR(S): MASFERRER, J; RAZ, A PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (SEAR) SEARLE & CO G D

COUNTRY COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATEN	ON 7	KIND	DATE	WEEK	LA	PG
<u>U</u> S. 602	25353,	A	20000215	(200016)*		15

### APPLICATION DETAILS:

PATENT NO	KIND	APPLICATION	DATE
US 6025353	А	US 1997-974201	19971119

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 1997-974201 19971119 US 6025353 A UPAB: 20000330

> NOVELTY - Treatment of angiogenesis-mediated disorders selected from metastasis, corneal graft rejection, ocular neovascularization, retinal neovascularization, diabetic retinopathy, retrolental fibroplasia, neovascular glaucoma, gastric ulcer, infantile hemaginomas, angiofibroma of the nasopharynx, avascular necrosis of bone, and endometriosis comprises administration of pyrazolylphenylsulfonyl cyclooxygenase -2 inhibitors

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Treatment of angiogenesis-mediated disorders selected from metastasis, corneal graft rejection, ocular neovascularization, retinal neovascularization, diabetic retinopathy, retrolental fibroplasia, neovascular glaucoma, gastric ulcer, infantile hemaginomas, angiofibroma of the nasopharynx, avascular necrosis of bone, and endometriosis comprises administration of pyrazolylphenylsulfonyl cyclooxygenase-2 inhibitors of formula (I). A = pyrazolyl;

R1 = heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, or aryl (optionally substituted);

R2 = CH3 or NH2; and

R3 = H, halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, oxo, CN, carboxyl, cyanoalkyl, heterocyclooxy, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylcarbonyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, haloalkyl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkenyl, aralkyl, heterocycloalkyl, acyl, alkylthioalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, aralkylcarbonyl, aralkenyl, alkoxyalkyl, arylthioalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, aralkylthioalkyl, aralkyloxyalkyl, alkoxyaralkoxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, aminocarbonyl, aminocarbonylalkyl,

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alkylaminocarbonyl, N-arylaminocarbonyl, N-alkyl-N-aryl-aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonylalkyl, carboxyalkyl, alkylamino, N-arylamino, N-aralkylamino, N-alkyl-N-aralkylamino, N-alkyl-N-arylamino, aminoalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, N-arylaminoalkyl, N-aralkylaminoalkyl, N-alkyl-N-aryalkylaminoalkyl, N-alkyl-N-arylaminoalkyl, aryloxy, aralkoxy, arylthio, aralkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, alkylaminosulfonyl, N-arylaminosulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, or N-alkyl-N-arylaminosulfonyl.

An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for the treatment of angiogenesis-mediated disorders as above comprising administration of aminosulfonylphenylpyrazole derivatives of formula (II).

R4 = H, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, CN, cyanoalkyl, carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, alkylaminocarbonyl, cycloalkylaminocarbonyl, arylaminocarbonyl, carboxyalkylaminocarbonyl, carboxyalkyl, aralkylcarbonylalkylaminocarbonyl, aminocarbonylalkyl, alkoxycarbonylcyanoalkenyl, or hydroxyalkyl;

R5 = H, alkyl, CN, hydroxyalkyl, cycloalkyl, alkylsulfonyl, or halo; R6 = aralkenyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, or heterocyclyl (all optionally substituted by one or more Q1); and

Q1 = halo, alkylthio, alkylsulfonyl, CN, NO2, haloalkyl, alkyl, OH, alkenyl, hydroxyalkyl, carboxyl, cycloalkyl, alkylamino, dialkylamino, alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, alkoxy, haloalkoxy, sulfamyl, heterocyclyl or amino.

ACTIVITY - Cytostatic; ophthalmological; immunosuppressive; antidiabetic; antiulcer; osteopathic; gynecological.

Effects of (I) on angiogenesis in vivo were evaluated using the mouse corneal neovascularization assay according to Muthukkauppah et al., J. Natl. Cancer Inst., 69, 699-708 (1982). 4-(5-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3difluoromethyl-pyrazol-1-yl)-benzenesulfonamide (Ia) inhibited fibroblast growth factor-induced angiogenesis in mice at a dose of 6 mg/kg/day.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Cyclooxygenase-2 inhibitor; antimetastatic.

USE - The method is used for the treatment of angiogenesis-mediated disorders selected from metastasis, corneal graft rejection, ocular neovascularization, retinal neovascularization, diabetic retinopathy, retrolental fibroplasia, neovascular glaucoma, gastric ulcer, infantile hemaginomas, angiofibroma of the nasopharynx, avascular necrosis of bone, and endometriosis (claimed).

ADVANTAGE - (I) and (II) are selective cyclooxygenase-2 inhibitors. Dwg.0/0